











Agenda



PIDA RATIONALE

- PIDA OUTCOMES
- IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY
- 4 CONCLUSION

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PIDA RATIONALE - African Infrastructure



Critical role of infrastructure in Africa widely recognized Deficit in Africa infrastructure also widely recognized Multiple regional and continental initiatives to close the gap But Overwhelming evidence that these efforts are not fully successful We need to **Enhance African integration Expedite the development process** Focus our approach to address the real, causal

factors

PIDA RATIONALE - - Previous Studies



- NEPAD STAP
 - Launched in 2002
 - Objectives: to expedite the implementation of projects and programs already identified by RECs
 - Reviews in 2003, 2004
- AUC Master Plans and Continental policies initiative
 - Launched in 2005
- MLTSF
 - Launched in 2006
 - Objectives: to provide a strategic framework for the development of infrastructure on the continent based on coherent strategic goals, to define criteria for project selection and to define and institute a monitoring framework to track gaps and progress
 - Disrupted in 2007



Rationale for the merger

- Common platform for infrastructure development in Africa
- Rationalisation of a plethora of regional/continental initiatives
- Harmonise donor intervention
- □ Fast tracking Africa development and integration

PIDA RATIONALE - Definition



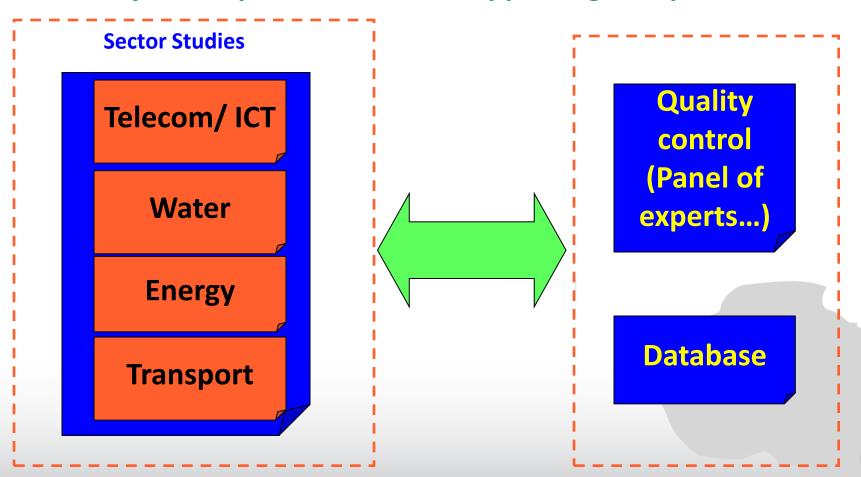
□PIDA is a program dedicated to facilitating continental integration, socioeconomic development and trade, through improved regional infrastructure



PIDA RATIONALE - Multi sector program with several components

Major Components

Supporting Components



PIDA RATIONALE - Objectives and Outputs



Objectives

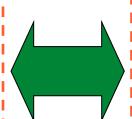
A Strategic Framework for 2040

Infrastructure
Development
Programme (2040)

Implementation strategy & process

Outputs

- Vision on Africa's infrastructure
- Strategic objectives
- Sector policies
- Regional and continental physical infrastructure projects
- Priority projects and measures
- Phases: Short term (2012-2020),
 Medium term (2020-2030) and
 Long term (2030-2040)
- Rolling plan of priority actions
- Financing
- Monitoring & Evaluation process





PIDA RATIONALE - PROCESS

Vision from the AUC 2004 Strategic Plan:

Build an integrated, prosperous and peaceful Africa, driven by its citizens and representing a dynamic force in the International Arena



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PIDA Economic Outlook- GDP projections to 2040

- ➤ PIDA's macro and sector outlooks to 2040 are grounded on a 6.2% annual overall rate of growth of African GDP.
- ➤ The main drivers of this growth are population, technology absorption and education.

 Results show a six fold GDP increase by 2040 and a per capita income above \$10,000



From GDP projections 2040 to Sector Forecasts

If the 6.2% average GDP growth is achieved:

- Power demand will increase at an average annual growth rate of nearly 6%.
- Transport volumes will increase 6–8 times, with a particularly strong increase of up to 14 times for some landlocked countries...



From GDP projections 2040 to Sector Forecasts

If the 6.2% average GDP growth is achieved:

- Water needs will push some river basins including the Nile, Niger, Orange and Volta basins - to the ecological brink.
- Information and Communications Technology (ICT) demand will swell by a factor of 20 before 2020 as Africa catches up with broadband.
 - □ THIS INCREASED DEMAND WILL REQUIRE ADEQUATE REGIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE THAT PIDA PROPOSES



STUDY PROCESS

RECS MASTER PLANS
OTHER EXISTING PROJECTS

DIAGNOSIS AFRICA OUTLOOK 2040

STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK 2040

PAP (Priority Action Plan) **DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME PIDA**



<u>Transport:</u> work toward an integrated continent where the transport infrastructure and services enable the free movement of goods and people

Improving the connectedness of African capitals and major centers with modern paved roads

Satisfying demand at the least economic cost, with priority for landlocked countries, while minimizing the environmental impact

Developing modern
ARTIN corridors and
air transport
services to bring the
performance up to
best world practice
in efficiency, cost,
reliability, and
safety



Energy: develop efficient, reliable, cost-effective, and environmentally friendly infrastructure; and, enhance access to modern energy services

Developing major regional and continental hydroelectric projects

Implementing high-capacity oil refineries and oil and gas pipeline projects

Developing renewable energy resources



TWR: develop projects, strengthen resource management frameworks, and ensure water

security for socioeconomic development

Strengthenin g institutions for efficient cooperation on shared water resources

Developing transboundary water infrastructure to meet increasing water demands while protecting people and the environment

Strengthenin g finances for transboundar y water development and management Improving knowledge on transboundar y water basins and shared aquifers.



ICT: enable an information society and integrated digital economy in which all actors have access to

reliable and affordable ICI networks

Transform
Africa into
an esociety

Satisfy
African
broadband
demand –
at least
cost

Increase accessibilit y and security of access for all country

Provide uniformly accessible services to develop social and regional integration



Indicators	PIDA 2040
Modern highways	37 300 KM
Modern railways	30 200 KM
Port Added ton capacity	1,3 billion tons
Hydroelectric power generation	61 099 MW
Interconnecting power lines	16 500 KM
New water storage capacity	20 101 hm ³

PIDA - Ambitious, but affordable!



PIDA PAP broken down into 51

projects/programs

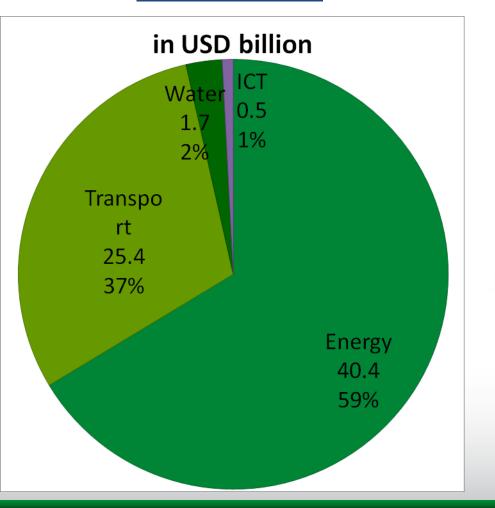
24 transport 15 energy

5 TWR 3 ICT

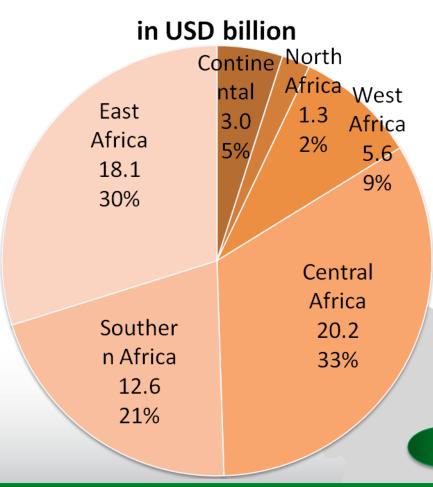


PAP Investment Cost: \$68 bn - 2012-20

BY SECTOR



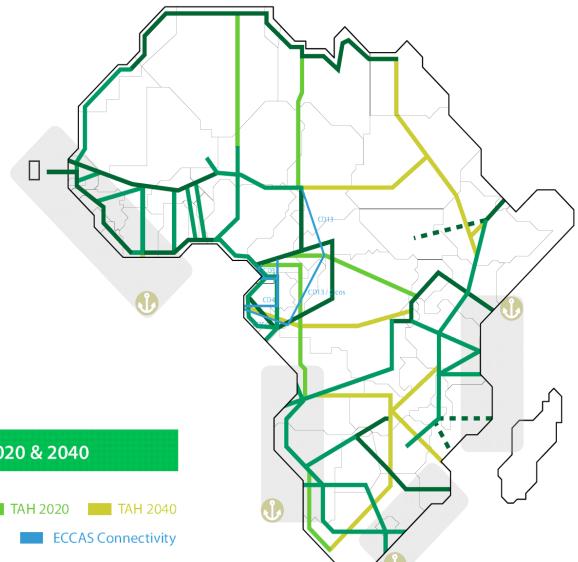
BY REGION



PIDA OUTCOMES: The PAP Transport Networks: 2020&2040



The transport program the links major production and consumption centers. provides connectivity among the major cities, defines the best hub ports and railway routes, and opens the land-locked countries to improved regional and continental trade.



Corridor 2020

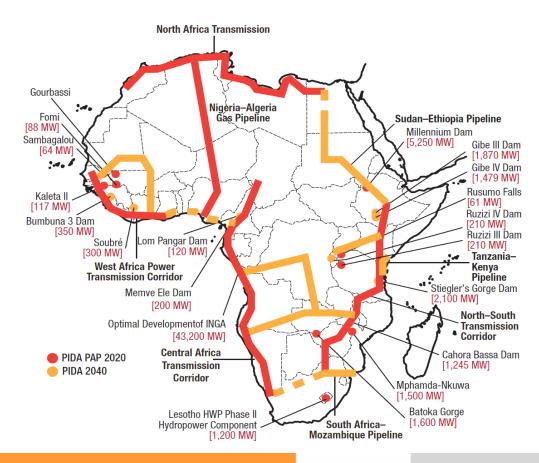
Corridor 2040

Hub Port Programmes



Generation & Transmission: 2020&2040

The energy infrastructure program focuses on major hydroelectric projects and interconnects the power pools to meet the forecast increase in demand. One regional petroleum products pipeline is also included.



ENERGY - PIDA 2040 & PIDA PAP - GENERATION AND TRANSMISSION PROGRAMMES

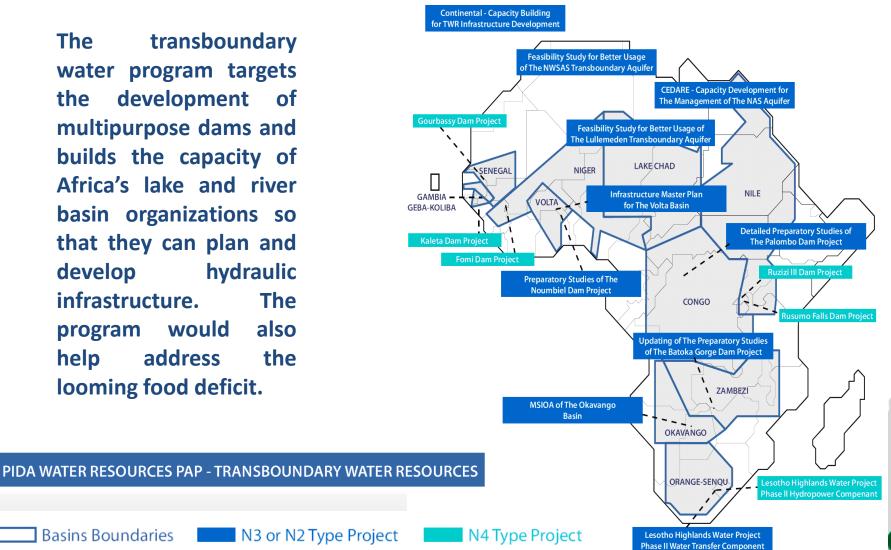






Water Resources: 2020&2040

The transboundary water program targets development multipurpose dams and builds the capacity of Africa's lake and river basin organizations so that they can plan and develop hydraulic infrastructure. The also would program address help the looming food deficit.



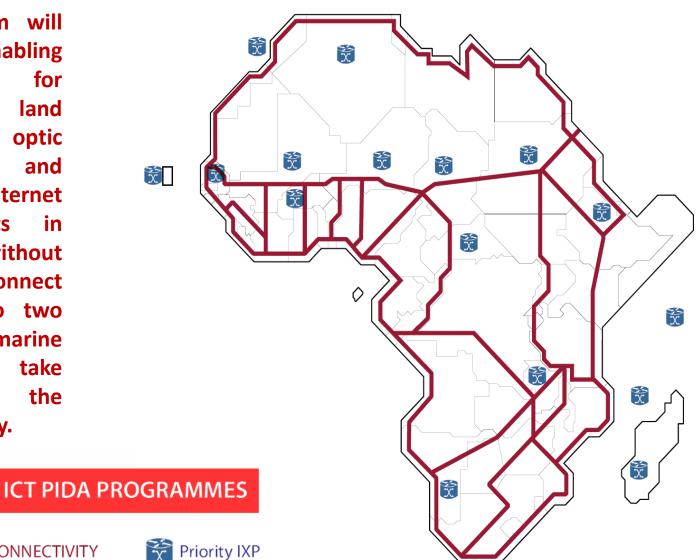






ICT: 2020

The ICT program will establish an enabling environment for completing the land fiber optic infrastructure and installing Internet exchange points without countries them. It will connect each country to two different submarine cables take to advantage of the expanded capacity.



PIDA OUTCOMES: The PAP PAP Investment (\$68 bn)



AMBITIOUS BUT AFFORDABLE

 Less than 0,2% of 2011 GDP, or 1% of national budgets, or 5% of Investment budgets

RESOURCE MOBILIZATION

- Mainly from domestic sources (50% in '20 to 75% in '40)
- Private sector, ICA members & emerging partners

PROJECT PREPARATION

Needs are estimated to 5 - 8% of total investment cost

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PIDA IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY



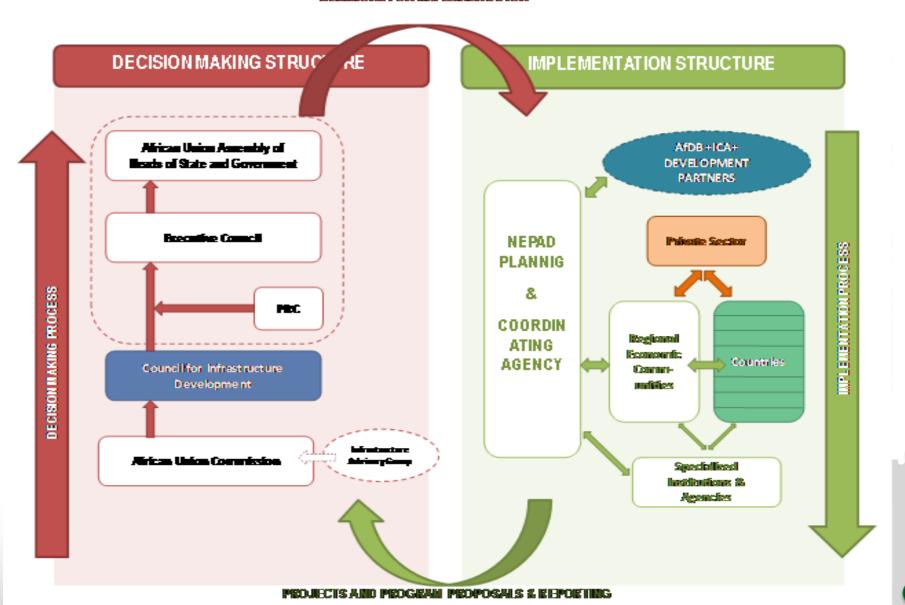
Operationalization of Institutional Architecture for PIDA Implementation

- IAIDA defines responsibilities of Continental, Regional institutions (AUC, NPCA, RECs) and Member States.
- Builds on principles of subsidiarity.
- Allows high level advocacy.
- Provides a mechanism for reviewing performance and rolling over the PAP with access to the highest levels of the AU, RECs and Member States.

Implementation Strategy & Process



DECEMBER FOR IMPLEMENTATION



PIDA IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY



PIDA's implementation success lies in assurances that it will be financed

Extension of Platform for project sponsors to meet infrastructure financiers

Support to Infrastructure Project Preparation funds for PPP and regional projects

Regional projects require strong involvement by countries and RECs

PIDA IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY



Financing will need to come mostly from domestic sources (public & private)

Domestic Bond Markets, inc. remittances

Sovereign Wealth Funds Enabling environment for more private participation



PIDA IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGY Country role in PIDA implementation

- Projects are implemented by countries on whose territory they are located and by their agencies (public or private)
- Countries are critical and efficient players
- Implement "soft" components (harmonisation of continental and regional policies)
- Financing project preparation, capital investment, operation and maintenance

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CONCLUSION

Acknowledging PIDA as the African-owned and African-led programme

Tackling soft governance issues necessary for true regional integration - harmonization, facilitation, monitoring, and evaluation

Keeping strong political commitment

Advocating for strong partnerships (Donors, PPP...)



CONCLUSION

Next steps

- 1. Implement quick wins in the PIDA-PAP and prepare all projects for implementation
- 2. Support targeted capacity building for AUC, NPCA, RECs, Spec. Institutions & Agencies
- 3. Develop a resource mobilization strategy
- 4. Mobilize finance for project preparation
- 5. Monitor progress and report on delivery

