Tools for Bridging the Gap Between Producers and Users of CIS

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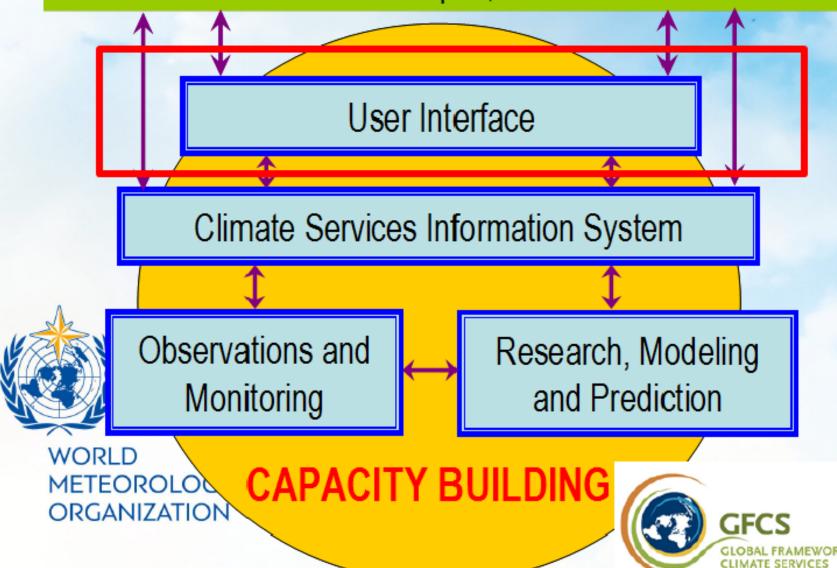
Addis Ababa



WMO OMM

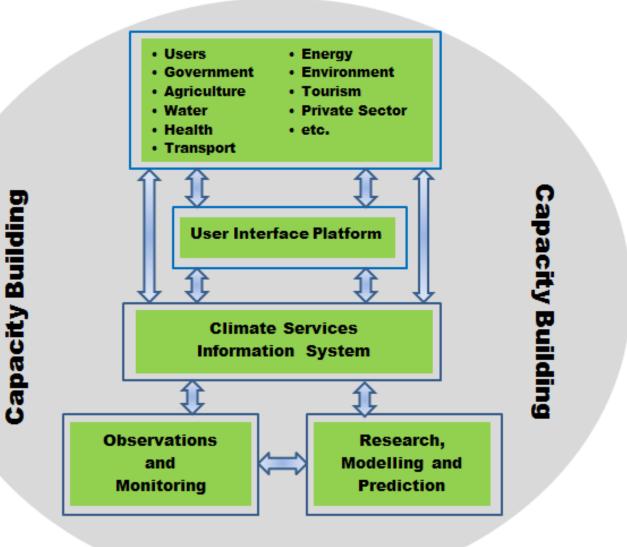
World Meteorological Organization
Organisation météorologique mondiale

Users, Government, private sector, research, agriculture, water, health, construction, disaster reduction, environment, tourism, transport, etc





STRUCTURE OF THE FRAMEWORK





Reducing the vulnerability of society to climate-related hazards through better provision of climate information.

1: Priority Applications Improving decision making in climate-sensitive areas:

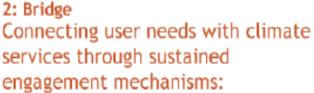
- Health
- · Food security and agriculture
- · Disaster risk reduction
- Water resources

Energy

3: Foundational Pillars
Enhancing technical and
scientific capabilities to support
user-driven climate services:

- · Observations and monitoring
- Research, modeling, and prediction
- · Climate services information systems
- Capacity building





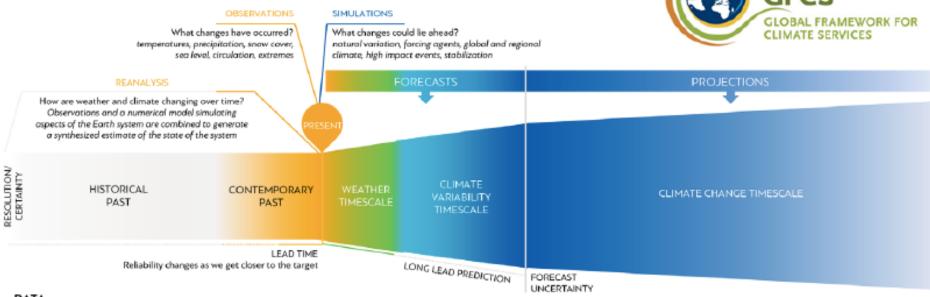
- · National activities
- Regional activities
- Global activities



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CLIMATE SERVICES INFORMATION SYSTEM

Data and Products for Climate Services



DATA

Historical data consists of Instrumental data - century-long measurements of surface temperature and precipitation, records of daily data

Paleoclimate data - derived from natural sources such as tree rings, ice cores, corals, and ocean and lake sediments

Monitoring

Uses data from recent past and the present

Sub-seasonal to Seasonal

Flash flood guidance Severe weather forecasting

Tropical cyclone forecasting

Interannual

Climate Change Indices

PRODUCTS Past climate

World Weather Records

Climate trends, Extreme climate indices, Sector-specific climate indices, Reanalyses, Return periods of extremes, Climate Normals,

Weather

Climate variability

Multi-decadal

Projections

Initial conditions

Boundary conditions (sea surface, snow cover, land). Climate monitoring and watch

Operational projections on climate change timescales

TOOLKIT - facilitates operations and used typically by forecasters

TAILORED PRODUCTS FOR DECISION SUPPORT - products can either be tailored in space and time or according to the decision relevance

DECISION SUPPORT APPLICATIONS - climate services apply past climatological records, contemporary monitoring and expected future conditions to socio-economic sectors

In agriculture, to inform crop choice, planting to optimize yield and minimizing crop failure risk

Disaster risk identification based on extreme event return periods and trends

Emergency response. Disaster Risk Reduction

Contingency plans, humanitarian response, government and private infrastructure investment

Informs mitigation policy and adaptation choices Impacts on water resources, heat stress, crops, infrastructure



UIP Mechanisms

2. Bridge:

Connecting user needs with climate services through sustained engagement mechanisms.

National. Establishing and support National Dialogues on Climate Services and Frameworks for Climate Services

Regional. Strengthening regional systems for climate service provision

Global. Coordinate GFCS implementation; communications and knowledge management; monitoring and evaluation

UN Country Teams, NMFS, relevant ministries, user groups, donor community

RCCs, regional structures of partner agencies

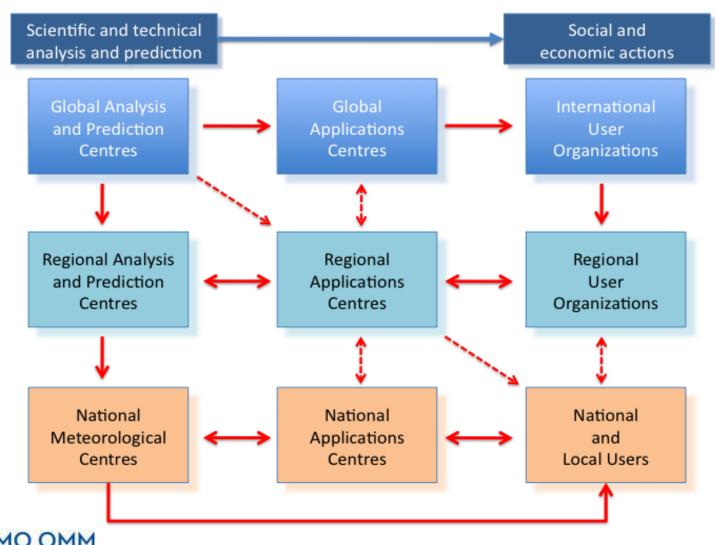
GFCS Office

Sustained mechanisms are established or enhanced to support effective user-driven climate services at regional and national levels

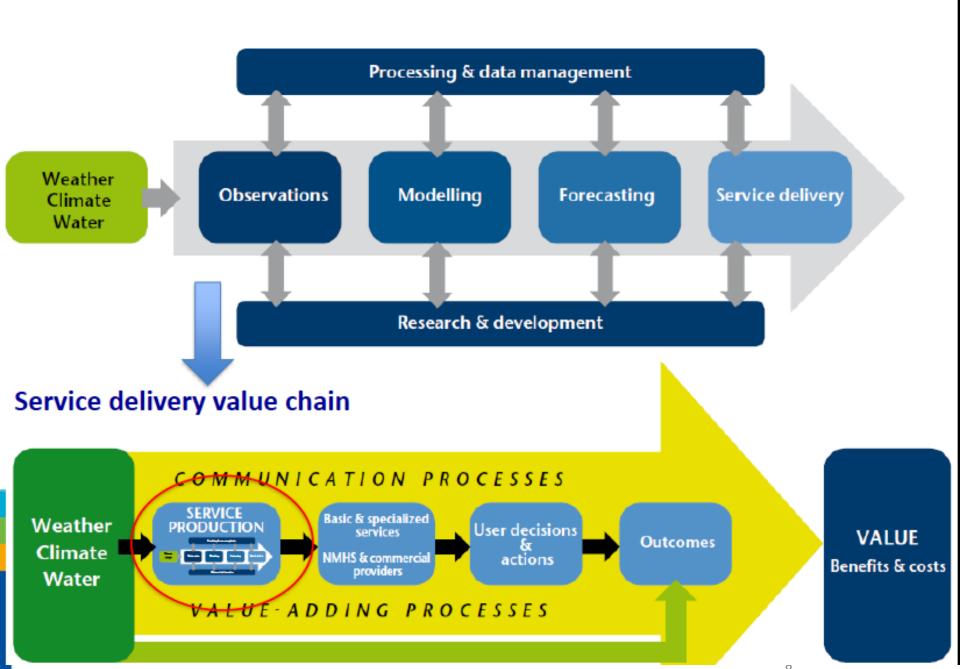


Decision-making and investments in climate-sensitive sectors are improved through the co-development and use of climate services with user interface platforms (UIPs).

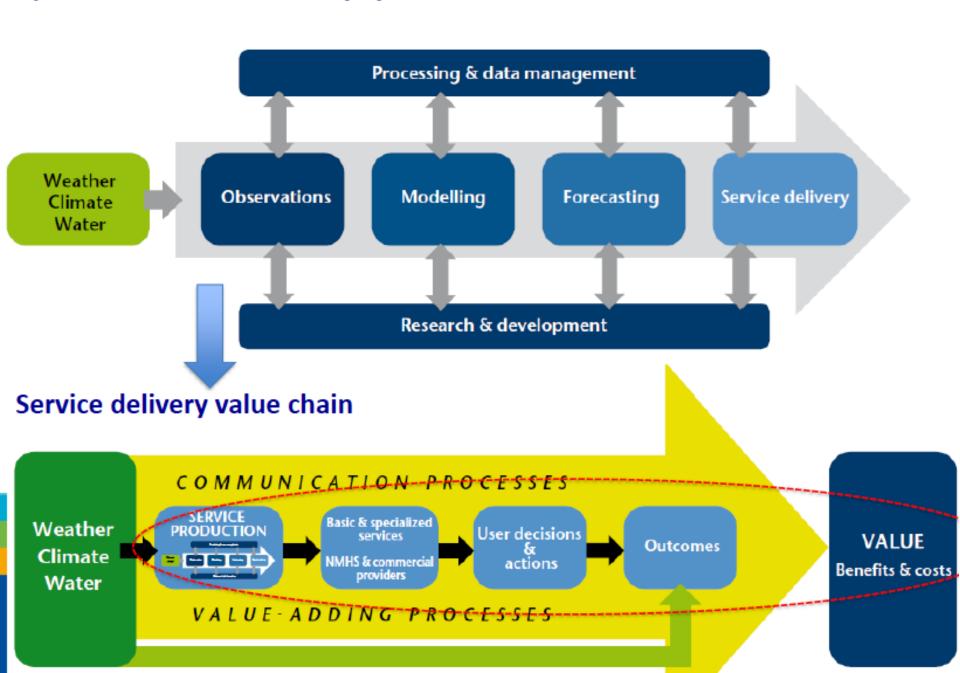
Interactions at all Scales (Global, Regional and National levels)



Operational service delivery system



Operational service delivery system



Multiple Interfaces for User Engagement and Informing Decisions

ACTIVE ENGAGEMENT

- Bespoke services
- More intense interaction.
- Highly iterative
- Directly usable data
- One-to-one contact
- In-depth understanding.



Tailored &

- Multi-way communications
- Build trust
- Co-learning
- Co-producing
- Capacity-building
- Regular interaction
- One-stop shop window
- Up-to-date
- Wide range of products
- Easy to use
- User guided design
- Intuitive:



Interactive Group Activities



Web Tools

PASSIVE

ENGAGEMENT

Websites &



CSIS Implementation Strategy

Developing and implementing CSIS architecture

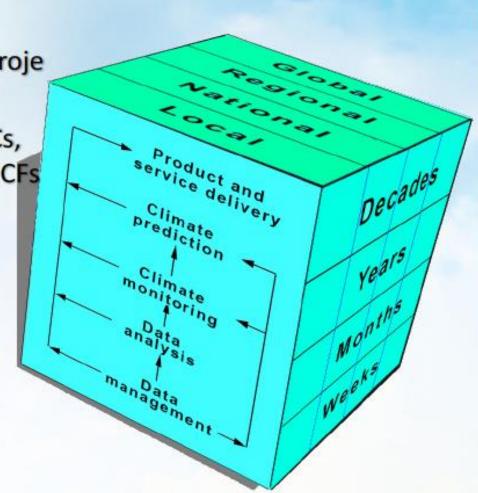
Functional descriptions and product development (Data/Monitoring/Prediction/Projection)

Operational infrastructure: GPCs, RCCs, RCOFs, NMHSs, NCOFs/NCFs

Climate Services Toolkit

Capacity Development

WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION







WMO OMM

World Meteorological Organization Organisation météorologique mondiale

CST Purpose

- Improve efficiency and raise capacity of service providers by facilitating the production, communication and application of climate information products.
- Ensure that the information and products developed for and provided to endusers is reliable, consistent (through time and across regions) and of high quality.
- Share new tools, information and methods, and thereby enable all CSIS providers to take advantage of research advances.
- Facilitate climate services standards and consistency in support of National Meteorological and Hydrological Services
- Enable more countries to develop their national products, and so encourage improved data sharing, and foster the interaction and shared learning between information providers through the development of a common set of skills.
- Reduce the need for expensive capacity building through availability of training resources. The Climate Services Toolkit will also make training workshops more focused, tangible and efficient in imparting the operational skills.

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What is CST?

- The Climate Services Toolkit comprises:
 - Data portal in public domain for access to and analysis of observations;
 - Data management system for quality control and simple management of data;
 - Climate monitoring tools for calculation of anomalies, percentiles, return periods;
 - Software tools for conducting climate analyses, making predictions, and assessing projections.

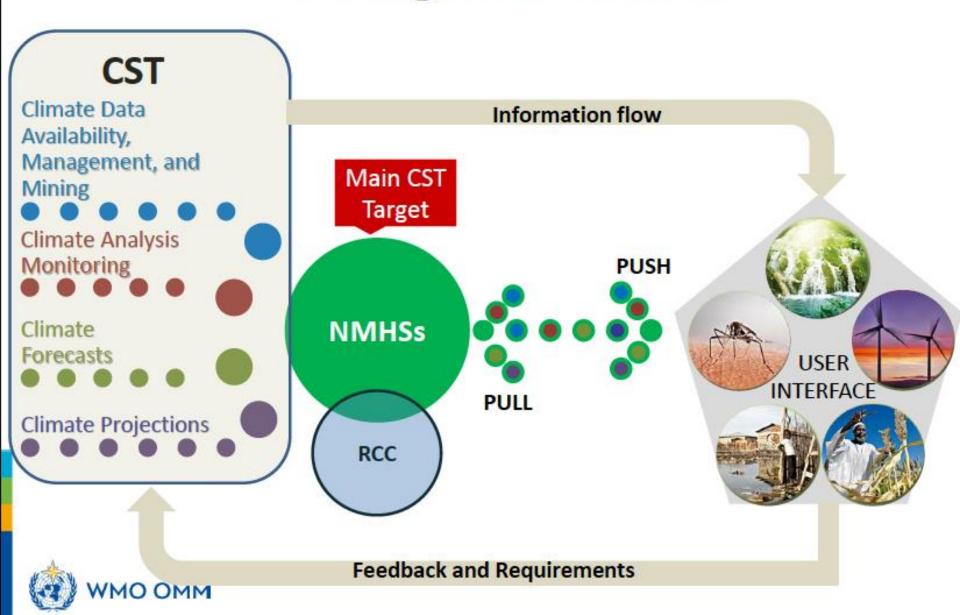
CST is a suite of guidance, data, software tools, training resources, and examples for enabling climate services at global, regional, and national levels

 These products are accompanied by training materials specifically designated to support the generation and use of climate information and prediction products dedicated to user-target.



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CST Target Audience







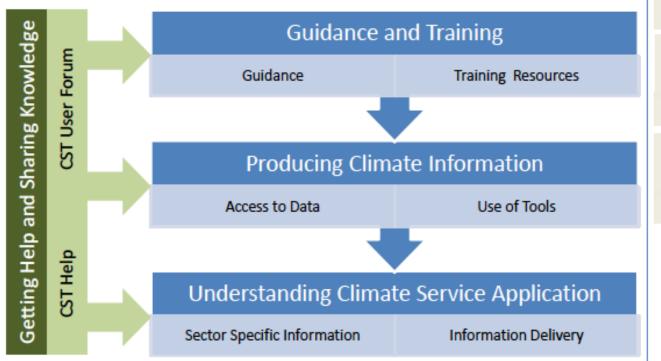


Welcome to Climate Services Toolkit mockup!

Climate Services Toolkit (CST) provides access to guidance, data, software tools, training for developing climate services at the National Meteorological and Hydrological Office of WMO members. CST also foresters collaboration and provide venue for developing ideas for application of climate information in decision support.

At this stage of CST development, only limited resources are available to illustrate concept rather than provide fully operational capabilities.

To use CST please navigate right -hand menu to examine available features. CRT suggested use:



About CST

Guidance and Training

- Guidance
- Training Resources

Producing Climate Service

- Access Data
- Software Tools

Understanding User Needs

- Sectorial Information
- Service Delivery

- CST Help
- CST User Forum







Guide to Climatological Practices WMO No. 100



All the relevant information regarding the most important practices and procedures in climatology is established in the Guide to Climatological Practices.

http://www.wmo.int/pages/prog/wcp/ccl/guide/guide _climat_practices.php

Guidelines of extremes in a changing climate in support of informed decisions for adaptation



Document provides guidance on how to account for a changing climate when assessing and estimating extremes

http://eca.knmi.nl/documents/WCDMP_72_TD_15 00_en_1.pdf

PROVIA Guidance on Assessing Vulnerability, Impacts and Adaptation to Climate Change, 2013, UN Environnemental Programme



Document provides conceptual basis, decision trees, methods, and tools

http://www.unep.org/provia/Portals/24128/PRO VIA_guidance_report_low_resolution.pdf

International Climate Assessment and Dataset

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Education and Training Resources provide learning progression for staff from RCCs and NMHSs as well as technical users of climate information.

Learn Climate Basics

- Understanding Climate
 - Climate 101
 - Climate Variability: Mechanisms, Impacts, Predictability
- Climate Change: Mechanisms, Impacts, Predictability
- Create and Manage Climate Data Sets
- Derive Products from Climate Data
 - Climatology Products
 - Climate Monitoring Products
- · Create and Interpret Climate forecasts and Model outputs
 - Intra-seasonal and Seasonal Outlooks
 - Assessing Future Climate
- Ensure the Quality of Climate Information and Services
- · Addressing limited predictability situations

Produce Actionable Climate Information

- Tailored Climate Information
- Communication and Dissemination Practices
- Climate Adaptation Planning
- . Monitoring and Evaluation of Climate Service

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Support Climate Decisions







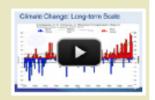
Understanding Climate Training modules provide training modules on background knowledge for understanding climate system, physical mechanisms, impacts, and predictability of climate variability and climate change.

Weather vs. Climate

Derek Arndt

National Climatic Data Center, NOAA

Description: This lecture explores assumptions and current understanding of the differences between weather and climate. Differences are examined from the perspectives of physical experiences, approaches to data and analysis as well as conceptual and computational modeling. (duration 1:02 hr)



The El Niño/ Southern Oscillation (ENSO) Cycle

Michelle L'Heureux

Climate Prediction Center, NOAA/National Weather Service

Description: This lecture provides an overview of variables associated with the El Niño/ Southern Oscillation (ENSO) Cycle and the relationship between those variables. Teleconnections and global and US impacts are discussed along with an examination of the application of monitoring prediction at the NWS Climate Predictions Center. (duration 1:03 hr)



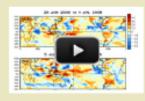
Madden-Julian Oscillation

Jon Gottechalk

Climate Prediction Center, NOAA/National Weather Service

Description: This lecture provides an introduction to the general characteristics, structure and propagation of the Madden-Julian Oscillation (MJO). Theories to explain the MJO are presented along with a discussion of tools, methods and data used to monitor this phenomenon. In addition, impacts, predictability and forecast tools are covered. Finally, assessment resources are offered.

(duration 1:02)



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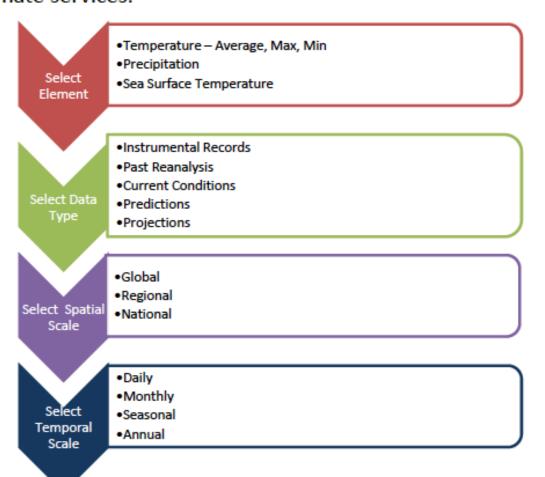
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Climate Data provide access to recommended numerical data sets for downloading and using in provision of climate services.



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Climate Services Tools provide access to recommended software for accessing, mining, and using information for improving climate services and supporting climatesensitive societal challenges

> Terms for Tool Compliance with WMO Quality Management Framework

Managing Data Analyzing and Monitoring Climate

Predicting & Verifying Predictions

Projecting Future

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Climate Service Application section facilitate connection between climate information producers and users to enhance management of climate-related risks in the five priority areas:



Health

- GFDL Exemplar
- Health and Climate Portal
- Climate Information Use



Disaster Risk Reduction

- **GFDL Exemplar**
- Climate Information Use



Energy

- GFDL Exemplar
- Climate Information Use



Water Resources

- GFDL Exemplar
- Climate Information Use



Food Security

- GFDL Exemplar
- Climate Information Use

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Placeholder for Service Delivery Guide to be coordinated with the CCL ET on Tailoring Climate Information and UIP experts

Select Information Taylor to Specific User Needs

Select proper delivery time Apply effective communication method

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CST User Forum fosters development of climate community including CST users, producers, and researchers. The forum fosters usability of climate data and tools, shares information, improves climate knowledge management, and creates ideas for climate services development.

Topic	Replies	Views	Last Date
∃ Temperature Data			
∃ Use of Climate Analysis Tools			
∃ Climate Information Application			
∃ Prediction Tools			
∃ Climate Adaptation Planning			
∃ Training Sessions			
∃ Add New Topic			

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Thank you Gracias Merci Спасибо 谢谢



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