

Nile Basin Initiative (NBI)  
Eastern Nile Technical Regional Office (ENTRO)

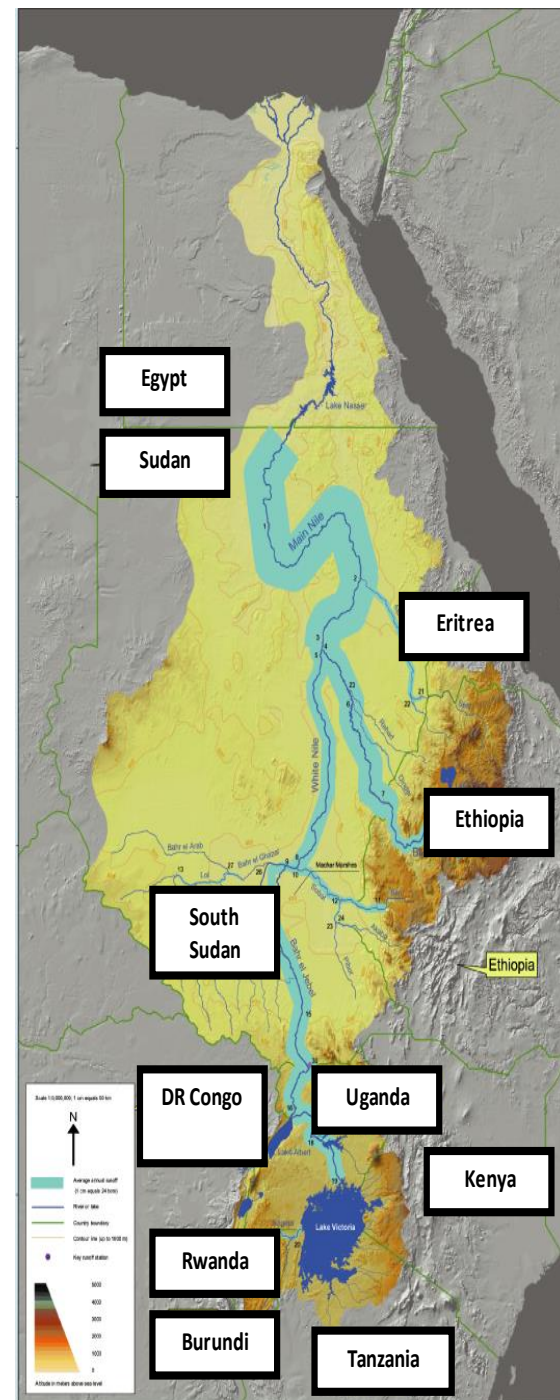
# Hydromet Needs and Opportunities - the Nile Context

Azeb Mersha  
East Africa Drought Monitoring and Forecasting Workshop  
Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

# Outline

1. Overview of the Nile
2. History of NBI – ENTRO
3. Features of Eastern Nile basin
4. Hydromet needs and opportunities
5. Ongoing activities on Flood and Drought forecast

- Africa's largest river basin by area
- Area: 3.25 Million Km<sup>2</sup> (10% Africa)
- Length: 6,695 Km (The longest in the world)
- Main Tributaries: **White Nile & Blue Nile**
- Population: 232 Million (within NB)
- Mean annual discharge 84 BCM
- Huge Water Loss in the System



# The Nile Basin

Eastern Nile

- The Nile Basin is shared by 11 countries
- All except Eritrea are members of the Nile Basin Initiative (NBI)



Egypt



Sudan



Eritrea



South Sudan



Ethiopia



Uganda



Kenya



DR Congo



Rwanda



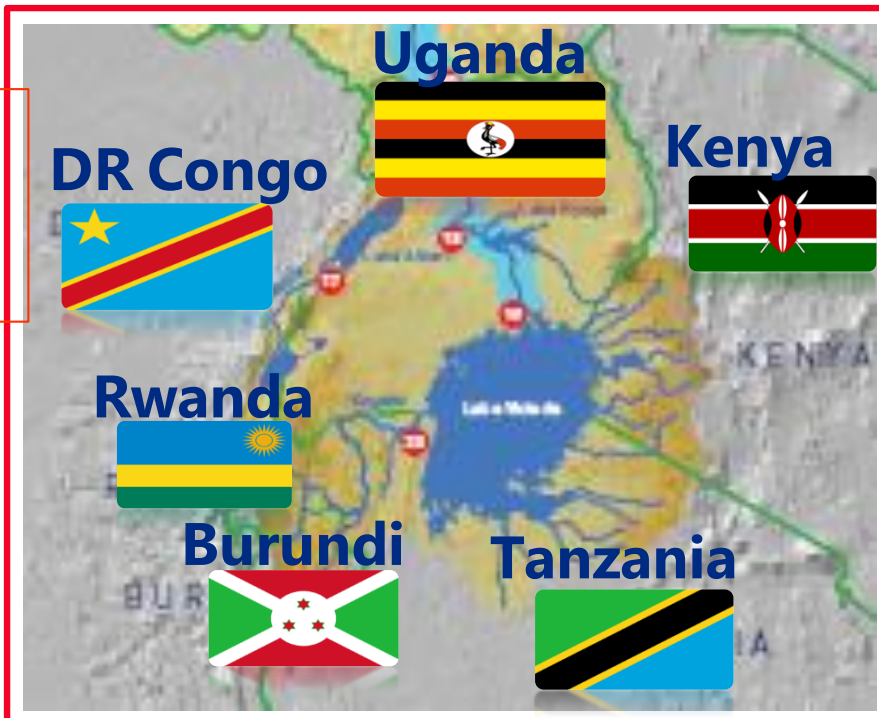
Burundi



Tanzania



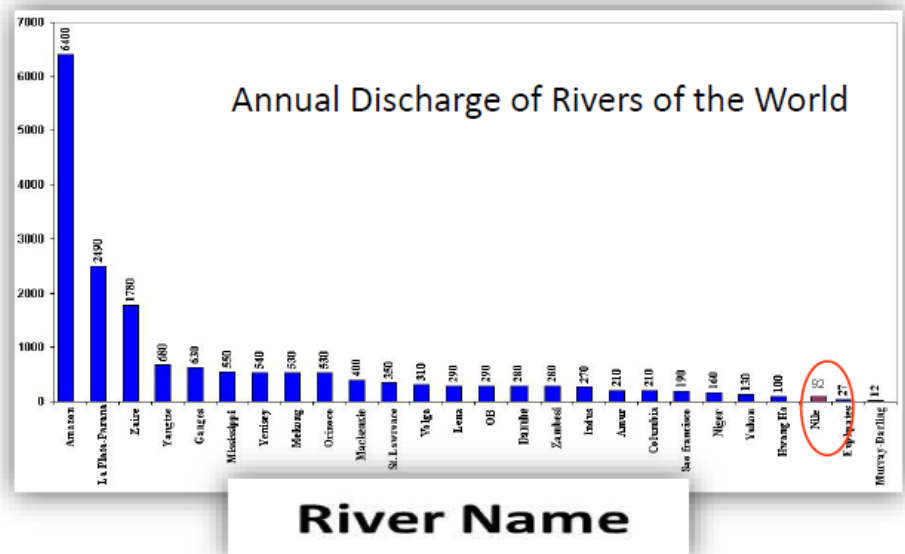
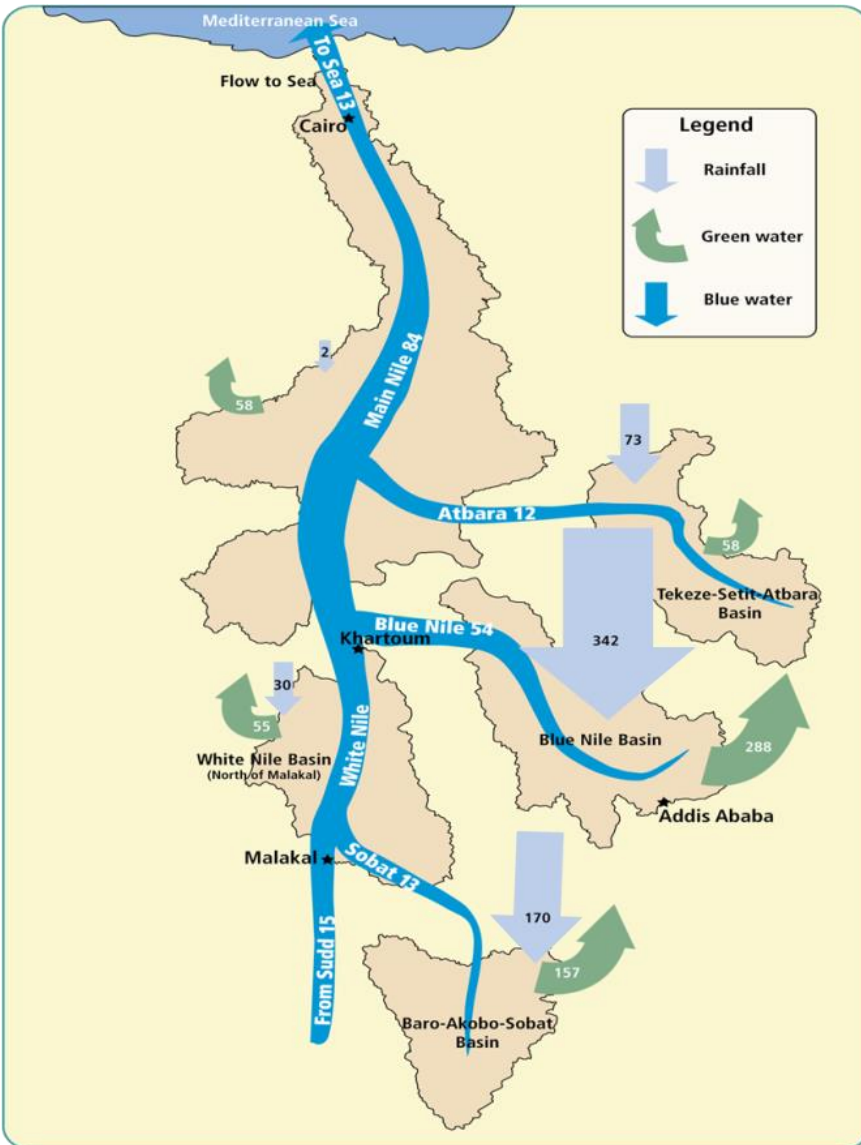
NEL



# Nile Basin... a water scarce region

(Long-term) annual flow at High Aswan Dam 84 BCM

- *Ethiopian highlands (86 %)*
- *Nile Equatorial Lakes region (14 %)*



# The Need for a Regional Organizations

## Cooperation on the Nile (Pre – NBI)

### 1. Hydromet Survey:

- In 1963-1964 the equatorial floods lead to the hydro-met data sharing agreement that was signed in 1967 by Egypt, Sudan, Uganda and Rwanda, Zaire , Central African Republic

### 2. TECCONILE: Technical Cooperation for the Promotion and Environmental Protection of the Nile Basin

- Started in 1993 by Egypt, Sudan,, Uganda and Tanzania, Zaire
- Ethiopia, Kenya, Eritrea as observer



## 3. Nile Basin Initiative(NBI):

- Though not inclusive these two activities promoted interaction and shared understanding of basin issues among experts and recommended an all inclusive cooperation mechanism to address common challenges.
- Following this recommendation the NBI was established in 1999.

# Nile Basin Initiative(NBI)

The Foregoing provide the rationale for Nile Basin Cooperation which took two parallel tracks of a Strategic Action Program which were hoped to complement each other!

→ **The Cooperation Track (NBI) – via**

→ Shared Vision Program

→ Subsidiary Action Programs

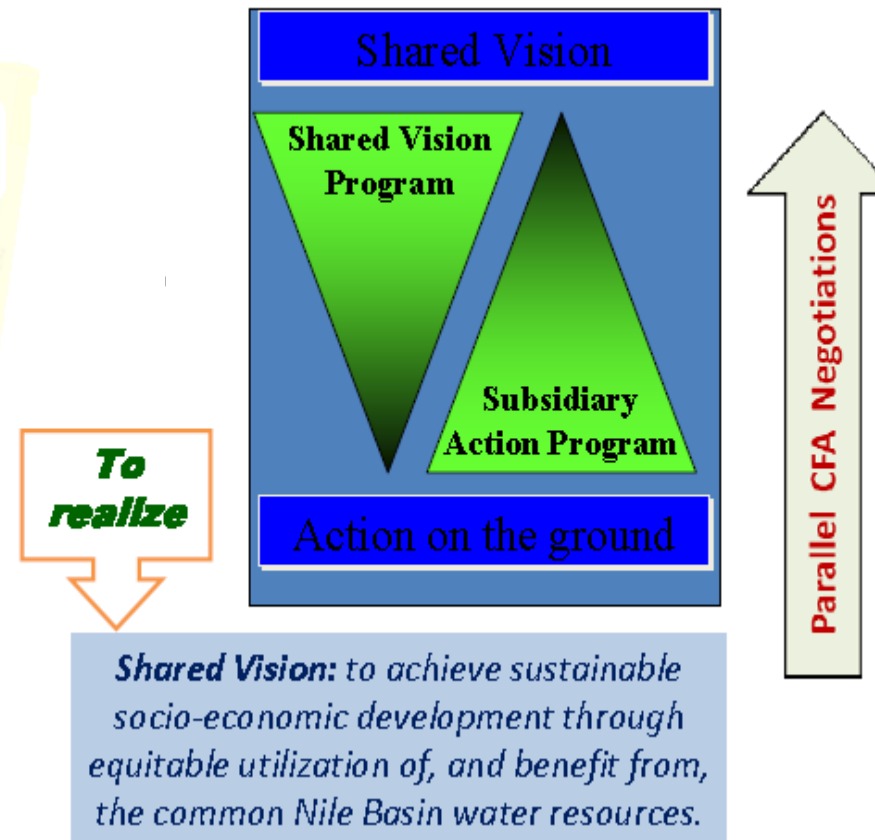
→ **The Negotiation Track (CFA) – Negotiation to build a New Legal Regime**



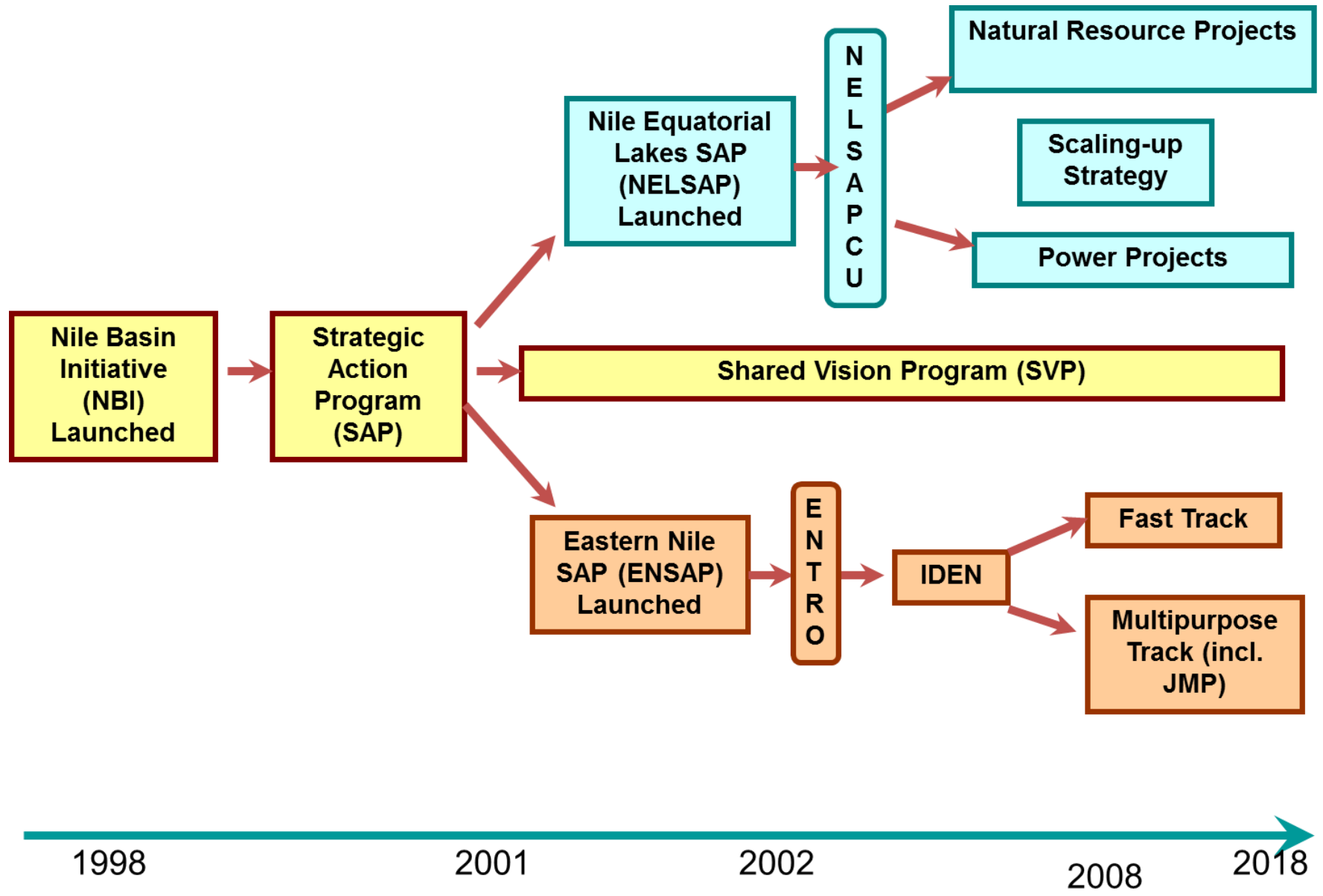
After the establishment of the NBI

- The basin wide Shared Vision Program (SVP) was launched to build **trust, capacity, knowledge base and analytical tools**.
- The Subsidiary Action Program (SAP) was launched to undertake **concrete actions on the ground at sub-basin levels** of the Eastern Nile (ENSAP) and Nile Equatorial lakes (NELSAP).
- **The Eastern Nile Technical Regional Office (ENTRO) was established in 2001 to implement the ENSAP.**

## The Nile Basin Initiative



# NBI – Evolving Programs



- ENTRO (Eastern Nile Technical Regional Office) is one of the **three** Centers of the Nile Basin Initiative, (NBI) established by Eastern Nile **Countries(Egypt, Ethiopia, South Sudan and Sudan)**.
- ENTRO is a **technical** arm of ENSAP whose overall objective is the cooperative development and management of the water resources of the Eastern Nile sub-basin in a sustainable and equitable manner.



ENTRO provides permanent platform for:

- **Facilitating cooperation**

- Confidence Building.
- Development Communication.

- **WRM & Planning**

- Information and Knowledge Development and dissemination.

- **Water Resources Development.**

- Identification and Preparation of Transboundary Investment Projects.

- **Institution Building**

- EN Institutions and Professionals Capacity Building.
- ENTRO capacity strengthening.

# Eastern Nile Basin



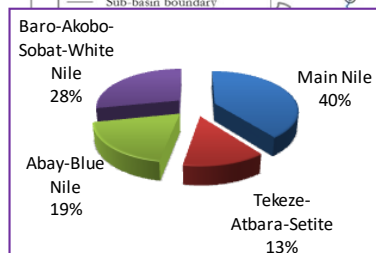
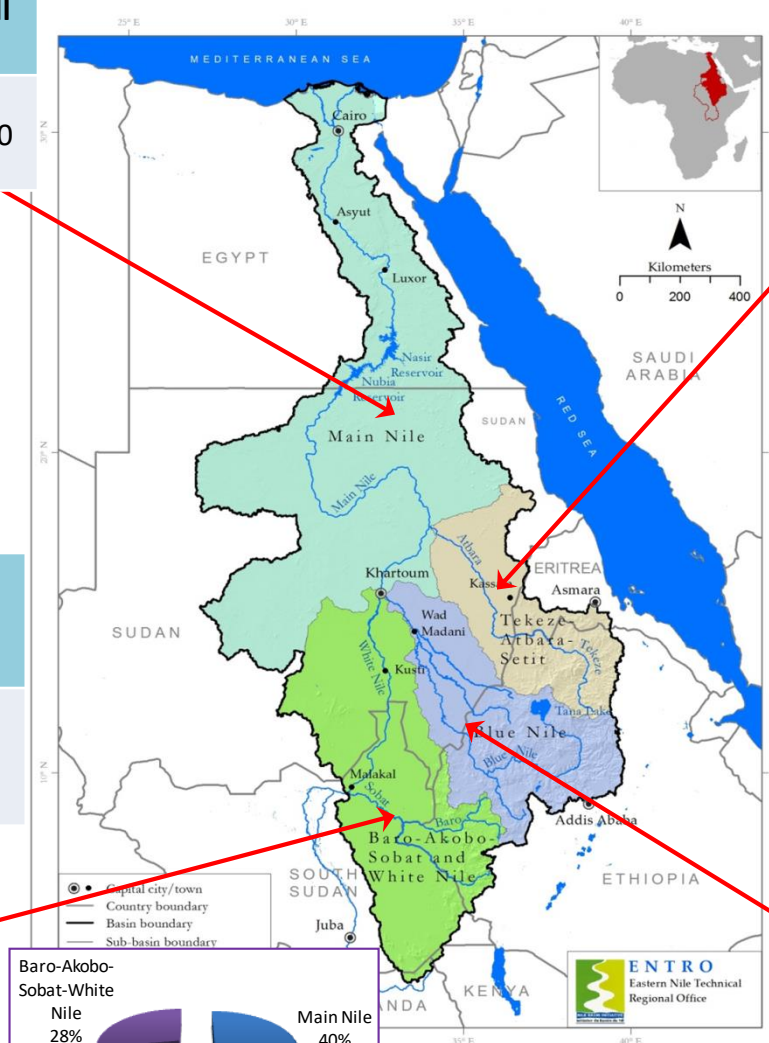
# Eastern Nile Sub-basins

Sub-basin	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Flow (BCM)	Annual rainfall (mm)
Main Nile	656,398	84	0 – 200

- Very low rainfall
- The Aswan High Dam and Lake Nasser
- Extensive irrigation systems
- The Nile delta

Sub-basin	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Flow (BCM)	Annual rainfall (mm)
Baro-Akobo-Sobat	205,775	13	500 – 1750

- Important wetland areas
- Complex ethnic and tribal context
- Little water infrastructure



Sub-basin	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Flow (BCM)	Annual rainfall (mm)
Tekeze-Setit-Atbara	227,128	12	200 – 1500

- Water availability is highly variable
- Little water infrastructure (except for new Tekeze hydropower dam and largely silted Kashm-el-Girba dam)
- Sediment flows are high
- Potential for small and medium-scale projects

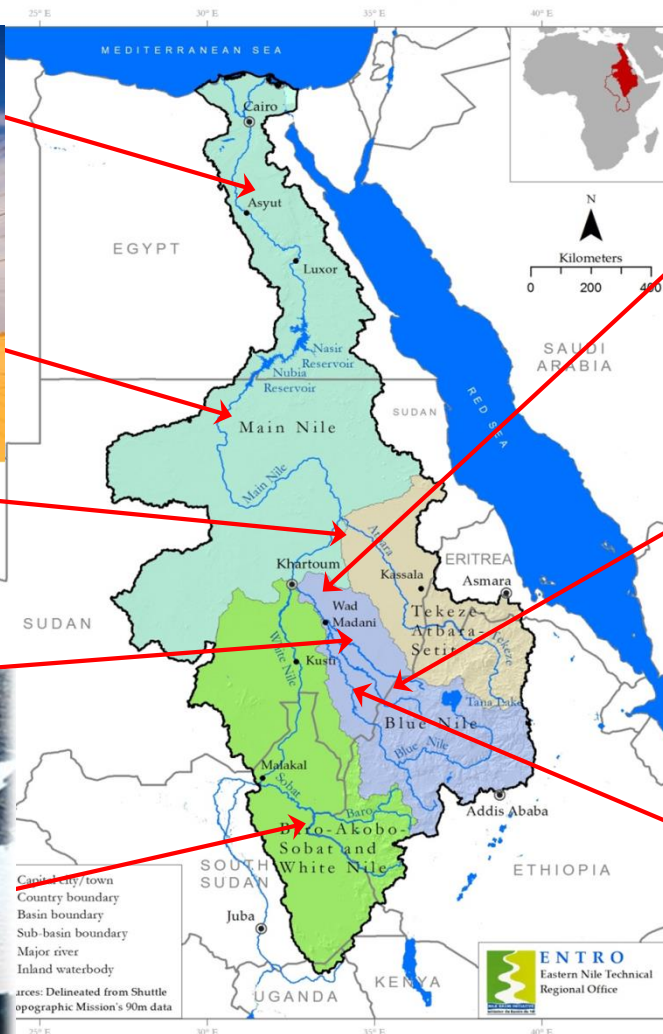
Sub-basin	Area (km <sup>2</sup> )	Flow (BCM)	Annual rainfall (mm)
Blue Nile	311,548	54	500 – 1800

- Contributes majority of the water to Eastern Nile system
- Sediment flows are high
- Hydrologic variability is high
- Gezira Irrigation
- Significant potential for economic development. Dam potential (GERD recently initiated)

# Challenges & Opportunities of Eastern Nile Basin



Agriculture/  
Irrigation  
Regional



Flood Management

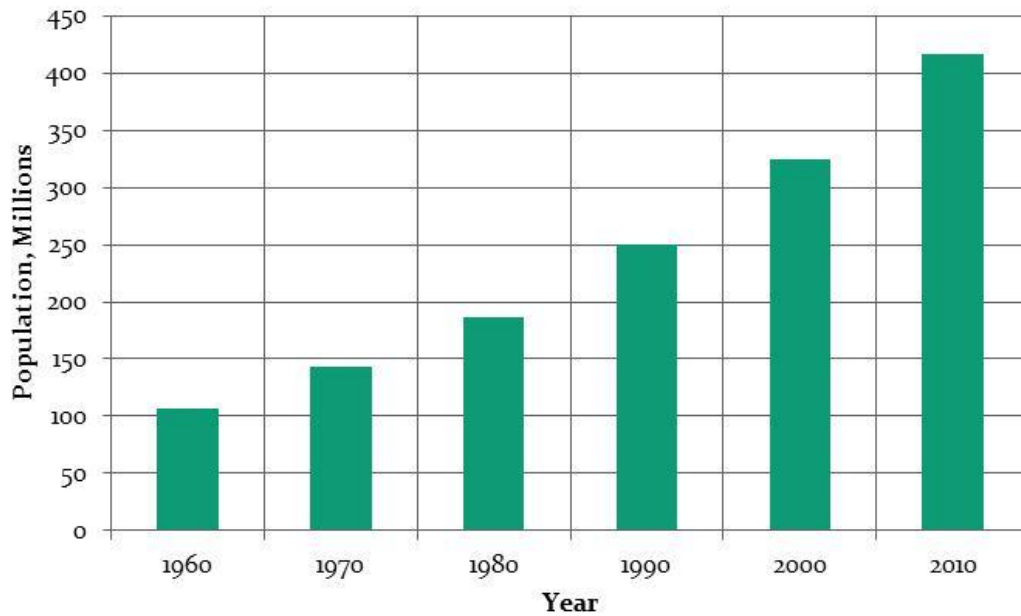
Land Degradation  
Reversal/Watershed  
Management



Planning, Preparation, Facilitation, and  
Adaptation/Carbon Finance Opportunities

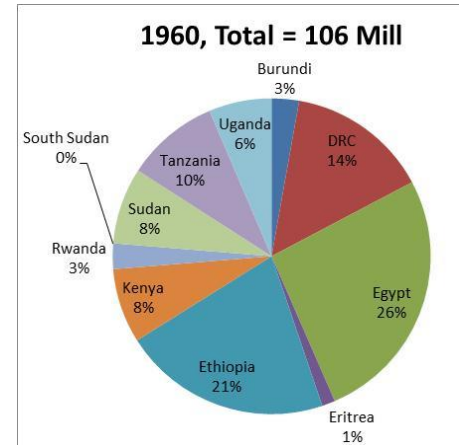
# Rapid increase in population...

**Population in Nile Basin Countries**

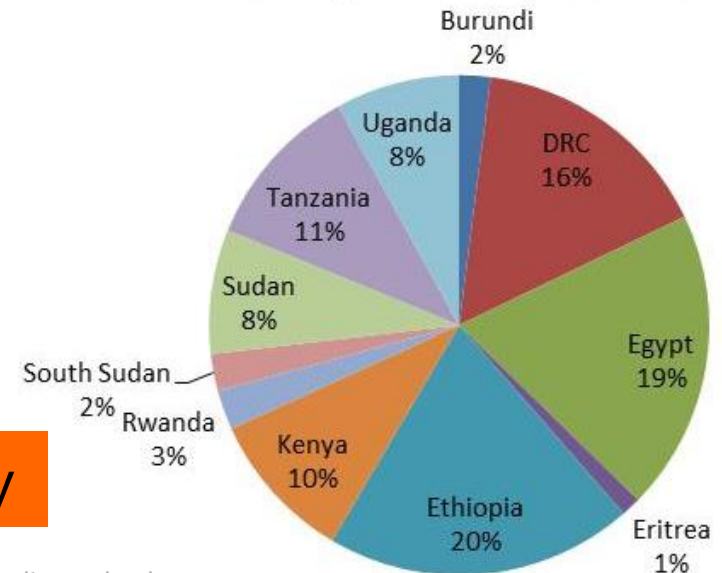


Population of basin countries increased 4 fold between 1960 and 2010

Shrinking per capita water availability



**2010, Total = 416 Mil**

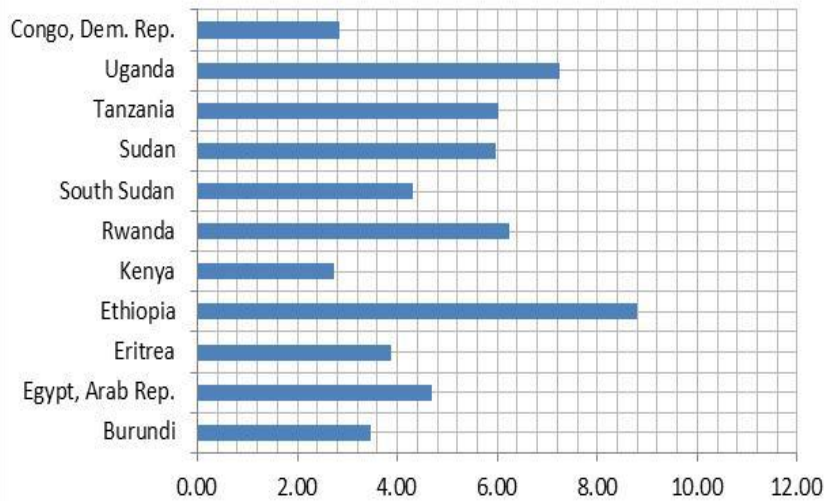




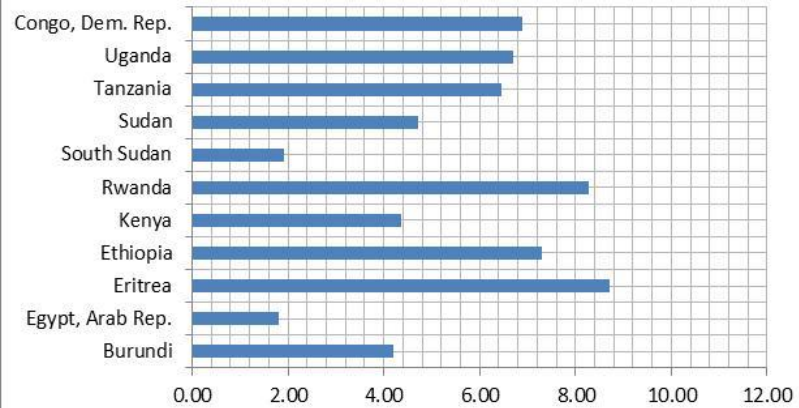
# Demand for Water Growing.....

Increasing energy demand

**GDP Growth in 2009 (%)**

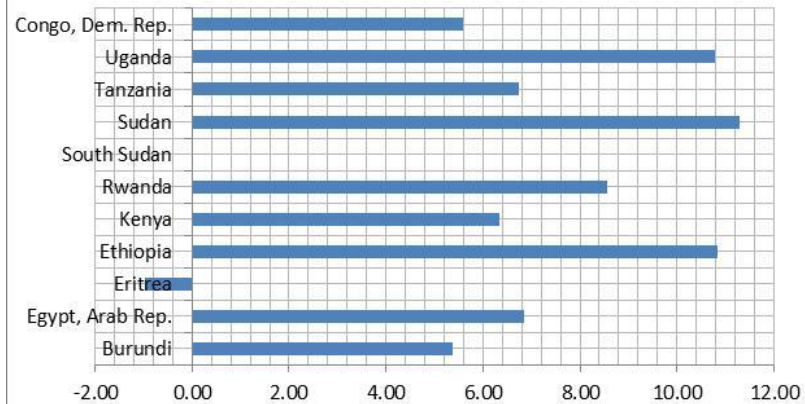


**GDP Growth in 2011 (%)**



Increasing food demand

**GDP Growth in 2006 (%)**

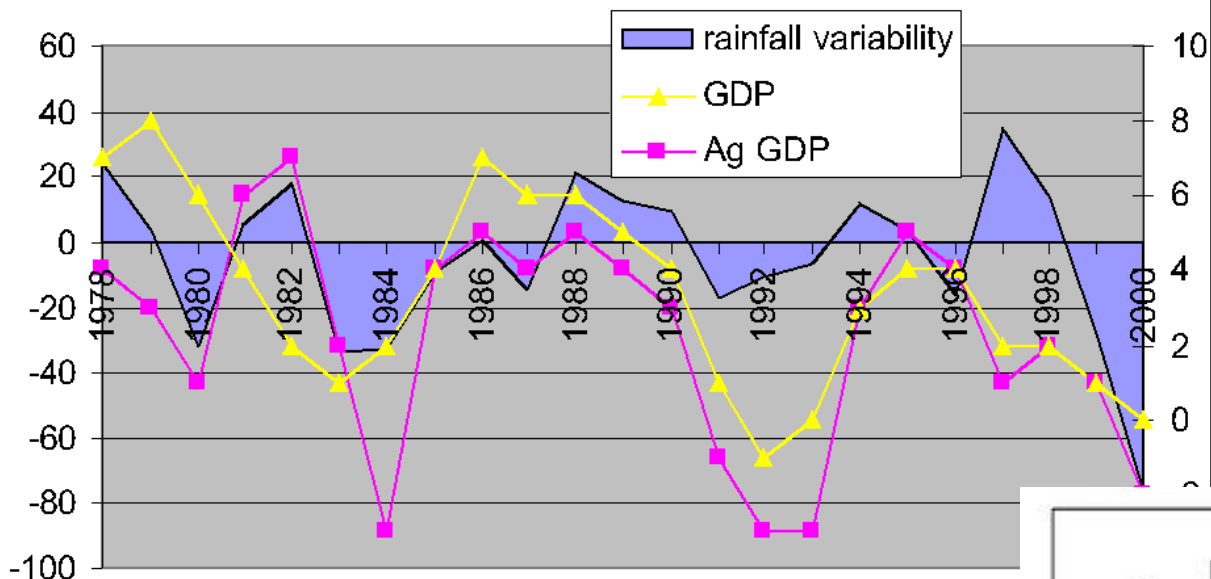


Increasing water demand

**More competition for water to meet demands**

## Kenya: variability and growth

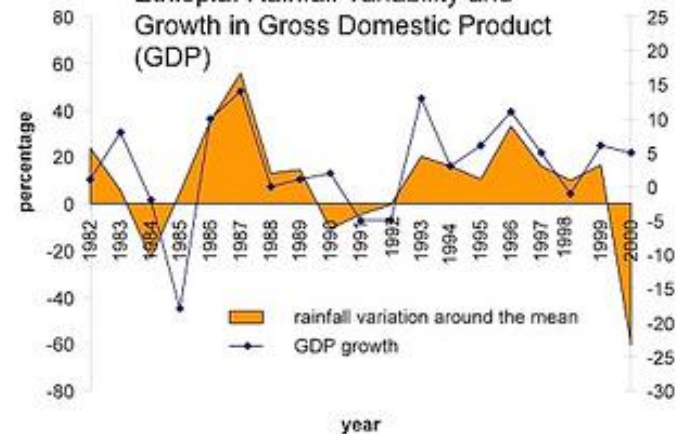
rainfall variability, Ag GDP and GDP



### Upstream economies:

- Agriculture is backbone of economy
- hostage to climatic variability?

Ethiopia: Rainfall Variability and Growth in Gross Domestic Product (GDP)



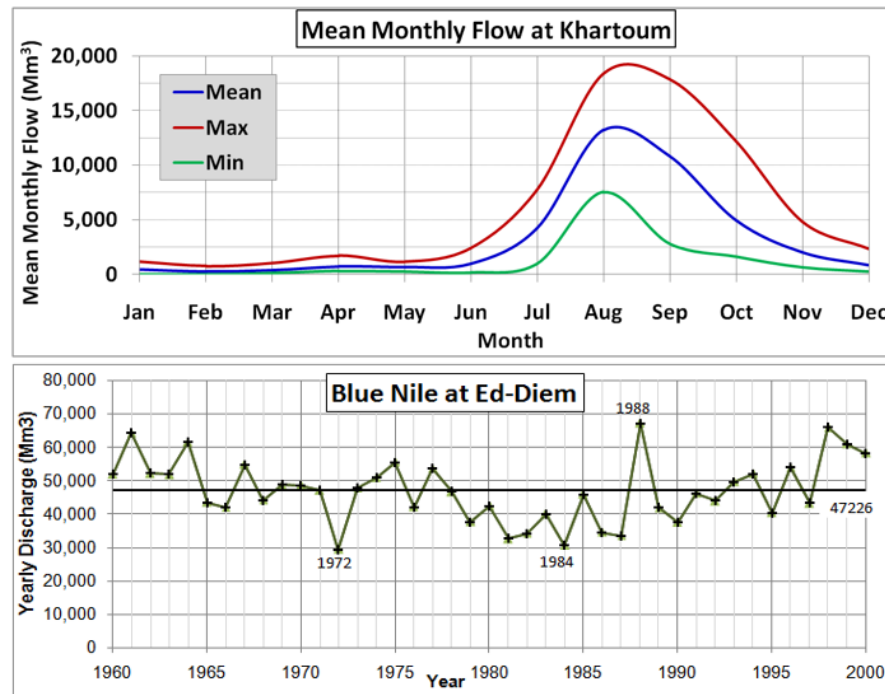
# Hydromet need and Opportunities

# Hyromet Needs – Basin monitoring

River basin monitoring is essential for knowledge based water resources management and development; The current system of Nile Basin monitoring is far from adequate.

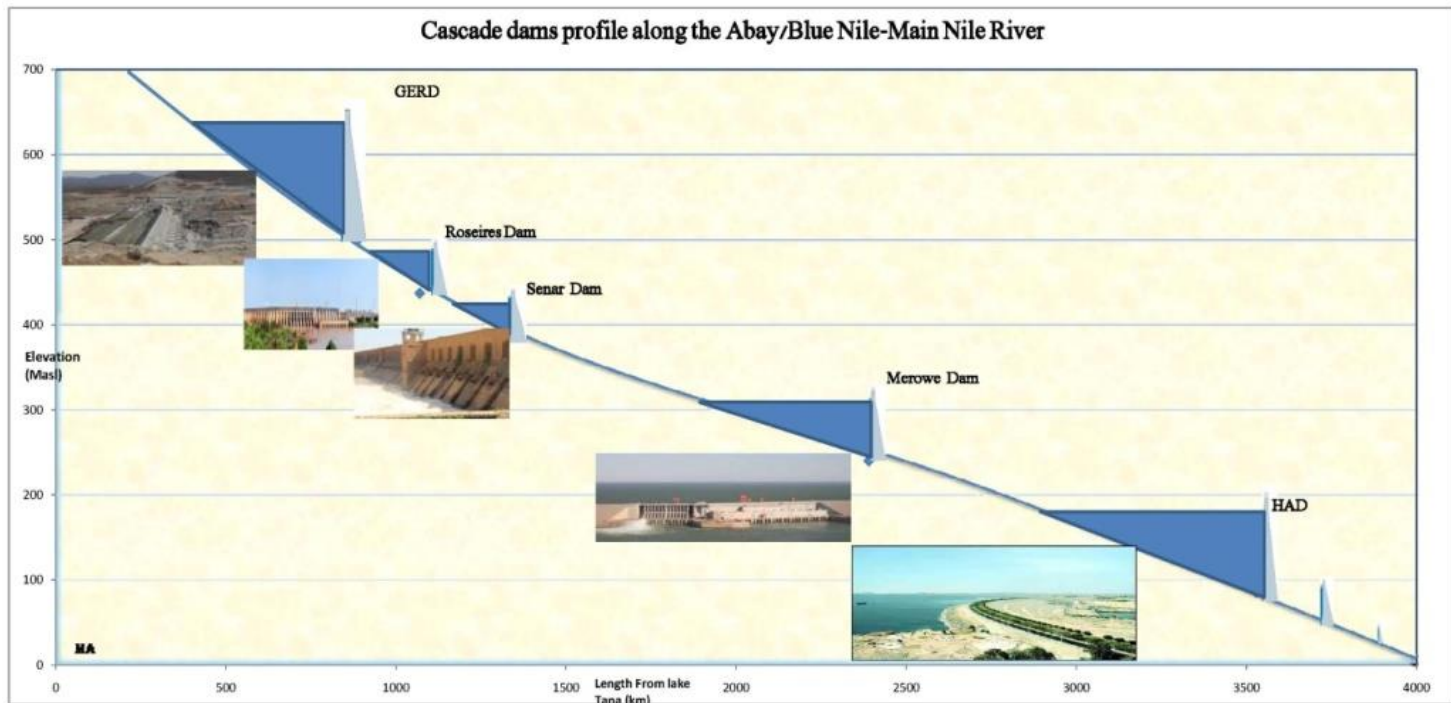
→ *there is an incomplete understanding and knowledge of bio-physical conditions of many hydrologically significant parts of the Nile Basin*

## Complex Hydrology



# Hyromet Needs – Key Infrastructures

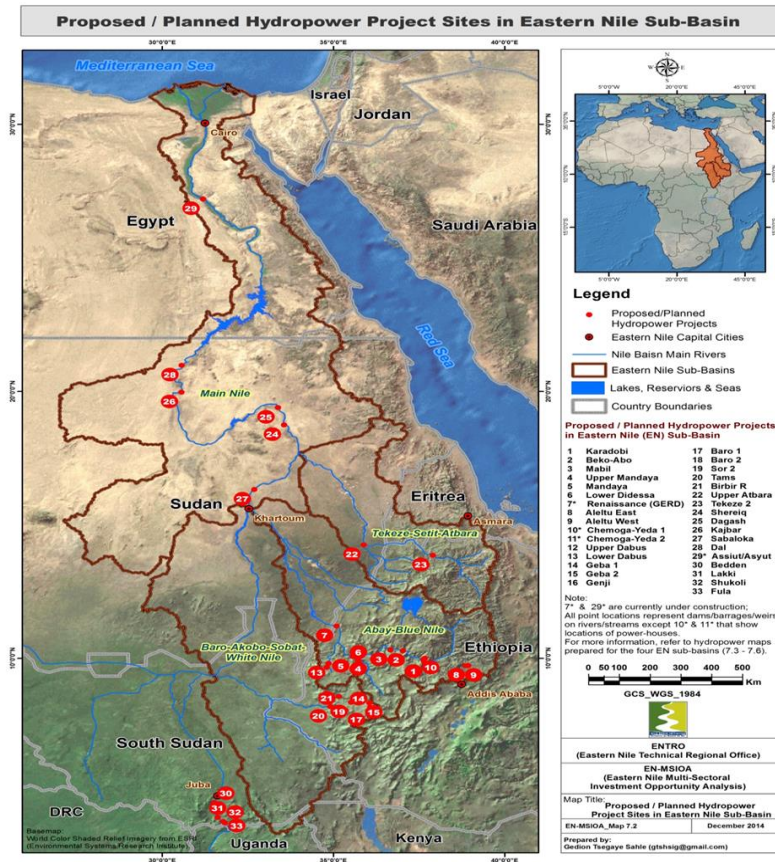
- To meet growing demands of water for food, energy and consumption, the Nile Basin will continue to witness transformational levels of water resources development.
  - *Monitoring the change and forecasting the possible impact of the future*
  - *Sediment monitoring concerning downstream impacts of dam operation and impacts of watershed interventions upstream*



# Hyromet Needs – Key Infrastructures

- >30 dams, barrages or weirs - proposed/planned currently
- >150 million people leave D/S of dams

→ *Monitoring the safety of the dam*

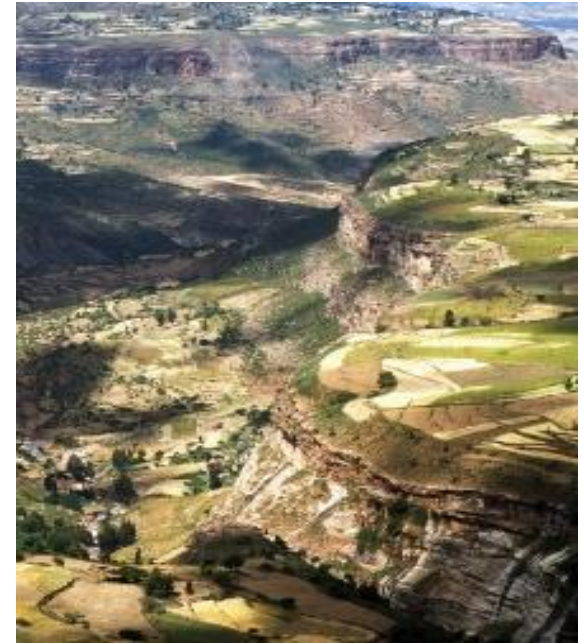


# Hyromet Needs – Environmental and Social

- Watershed degradation, Soil loss, siltation & sedimentation of infrastructure, declining farm productivity → persistent poverty
- Habitat and Biodiversity loss

→ *Monitoring the state of the basin is vital for sustaining the water resource base and managing environmental and social impacts*

→ *Socio-economic data concerning downstream impacts of water infrastructure for realizing the gains from such development projects*



# Hyromet Needs – Flood and Drought

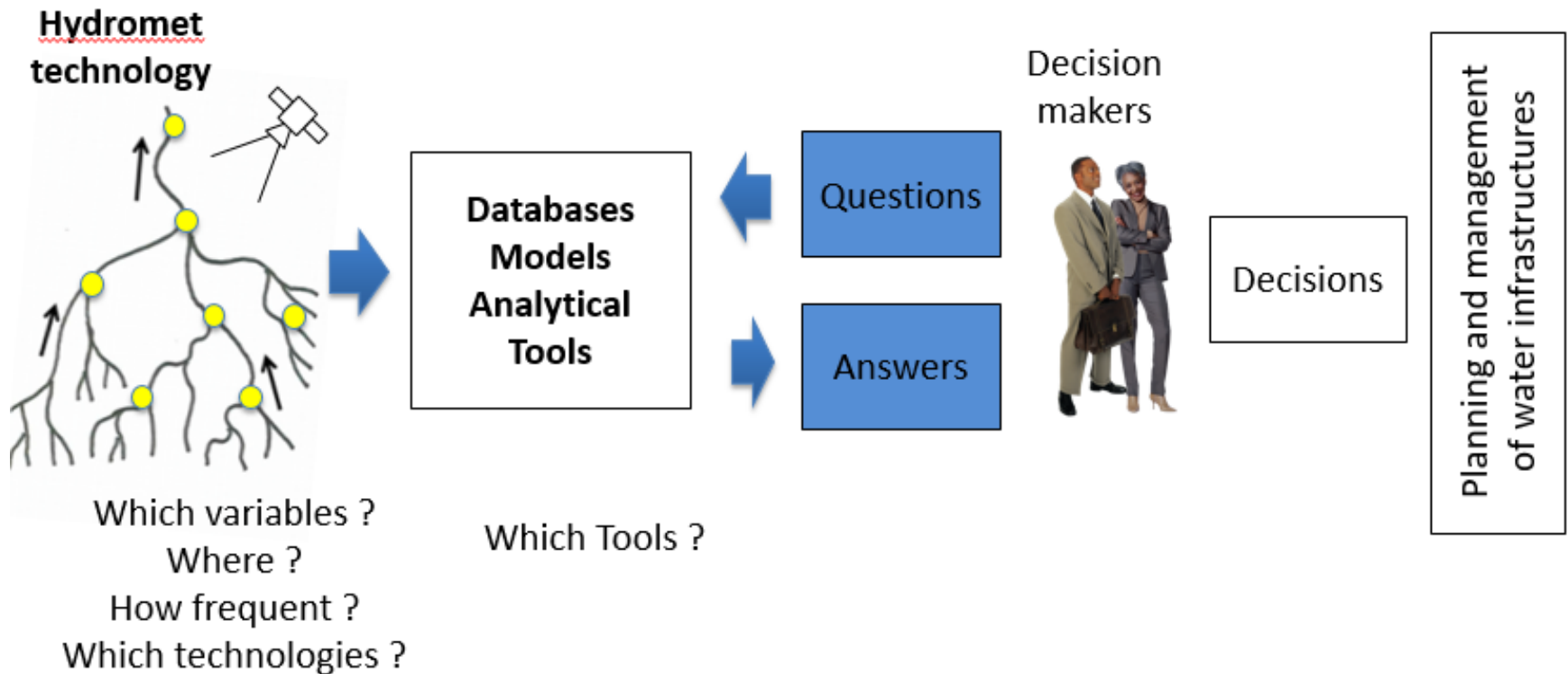
- **1998 in Sudan:** caused a direct flood damage of about US\$ 24.3 million
- **2003 in Sudan:** More than 250,000 families affected
- **2006 in Ethiopia:** 600 people dead, more than 35,000 people homeless & 115,000 livelihood affected
- **2013 in South Sudan and Ethiopia:** causes losses of many life and damage of properties
- **2014 in Sudan:** 257,000 people in ten states have been affected





# Hyromet Needs – Support Decision Making

Support for decision-makers by providing access to reliable and timely available information on the hydrologic, meteorological, and socioeconomic conditions for **optimal development and operation of water infrastructures**



# Nile Climate Change Tool



## Nile Climate Analysis Tool

Powered by Climate Wizard



### Downloads

- Map Image
- GIS Data
- Full Statistics Table
- Ensemble Table
- Complete Download
- Documentation

### Links

- FAQs
- About Us
- Contact Us

### Partners

- The Nature Conservancy
- World Bank
- The University of Southern Mississippi
- Climate Central

#### Analysis Area

Nile Basin

#### Climate Variables

Average Low Temperature

Description:  
Monthly mean of daily minimum temperatures

#### Measurement

Future Average

Description:  
Average future climate variable for the period described in the map title

#### General Circulation Models

Ensemble Average

#### Emissions Scenario

High (A2)

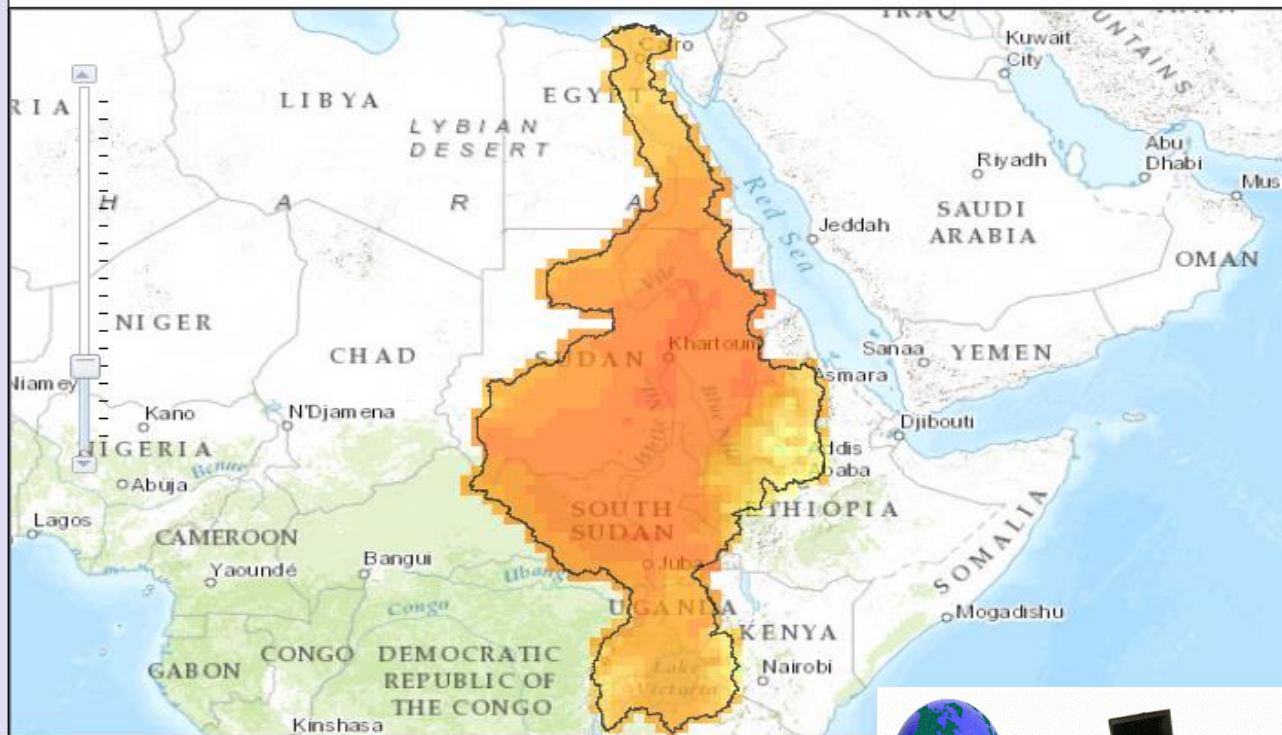
#### Time Period

Annual

Min Monthly Temp (2046-2065)

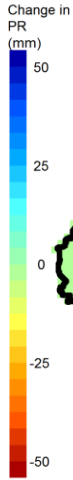
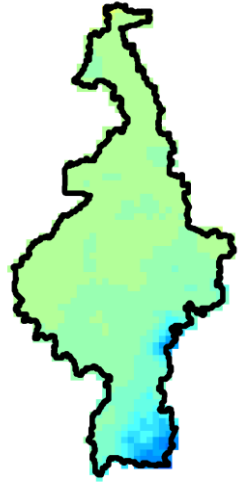
## Future Average Average Low Temperature - 2046 to 2065

Model: Ensemble, SRES emission scenario: High (A2)

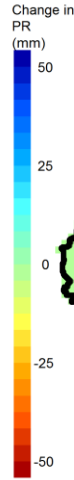


# What changes and where?

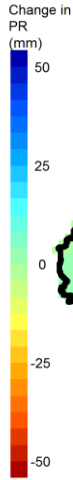
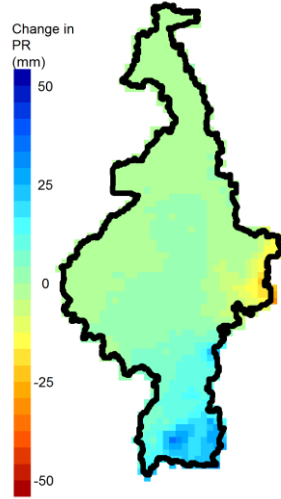
Change in Average January Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



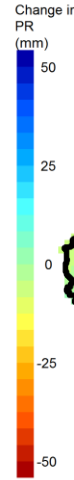
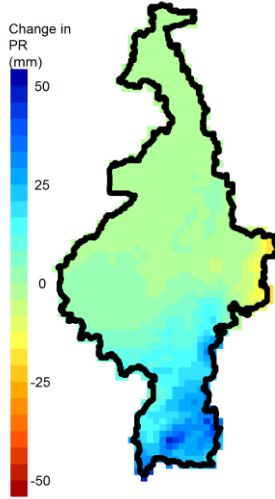
Change in Average February Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



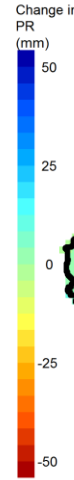
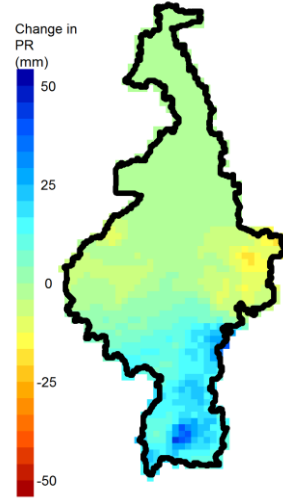
Change in Average March Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



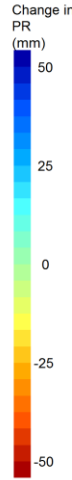
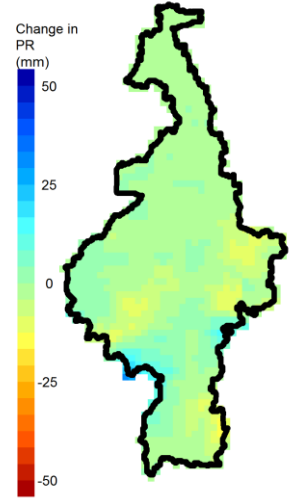
Change in Average April Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



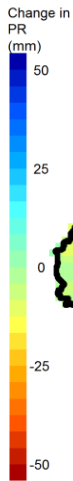
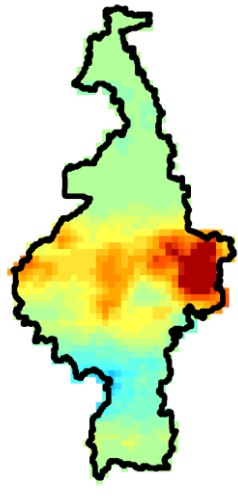
Change in Average May Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



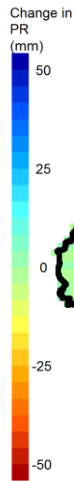
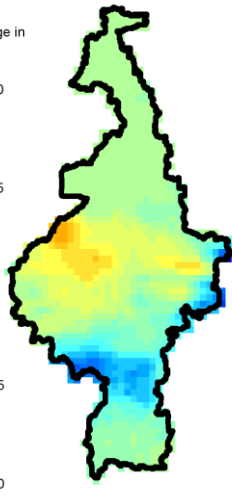
Change in Average June Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



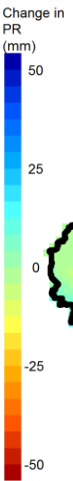
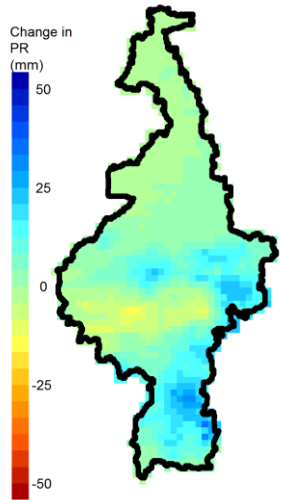
Change in Average July Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



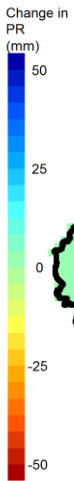
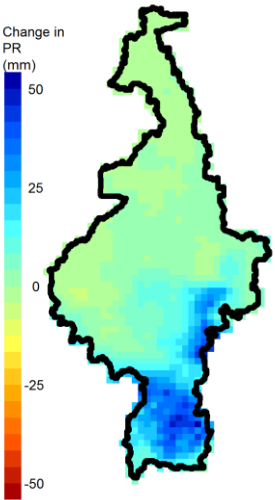
Change in Average August Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



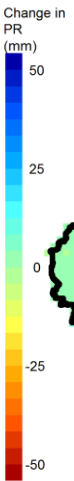
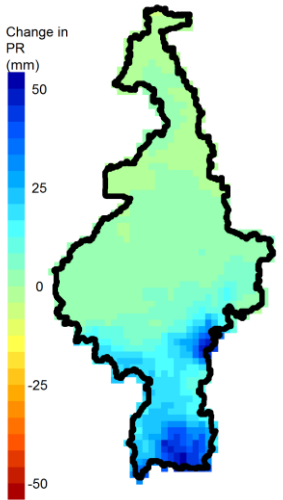
Change in Average September Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



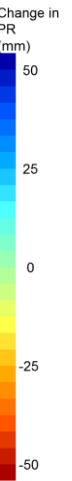
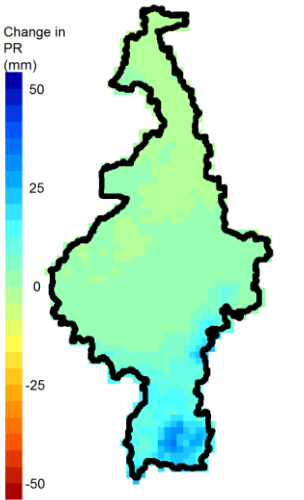
Change in Average October Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



Change in Average November Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



Change in Average December Total Precipitation  
A2 2046 - 2065



# Efforts Addressing - Hydromet needs

- Gaps in availability of data required for water resources planning and management have already been identified for quite sometime
- A number of project-specific efforts made by NBI(NELSAP, ENSAP) to strengthen member country hydromet systems
- In 2008 (SVP Mid-term review), the Nile-TAC instructed Nile-SEC to prepare a Nile river basin monitoring strategy
- The strategy was developed and subsequently approved by Nile-COM in 2012; the strategy was the first attempt to look into the hydromet questions holistically and provide strategic direction (rather-than piece meal)
- Funding was made available by WB to prepare detailed design and implementation plan; which were completed in May 2015. Now NBI is on the implementation stage

# Opportunity

➤ Regional Hydro-met and forecasting system

Improve accessibility to real time data, knowledge, tools, and partnerships

Enhance trans-boundary cooperation

# Knowledge Product - Internship

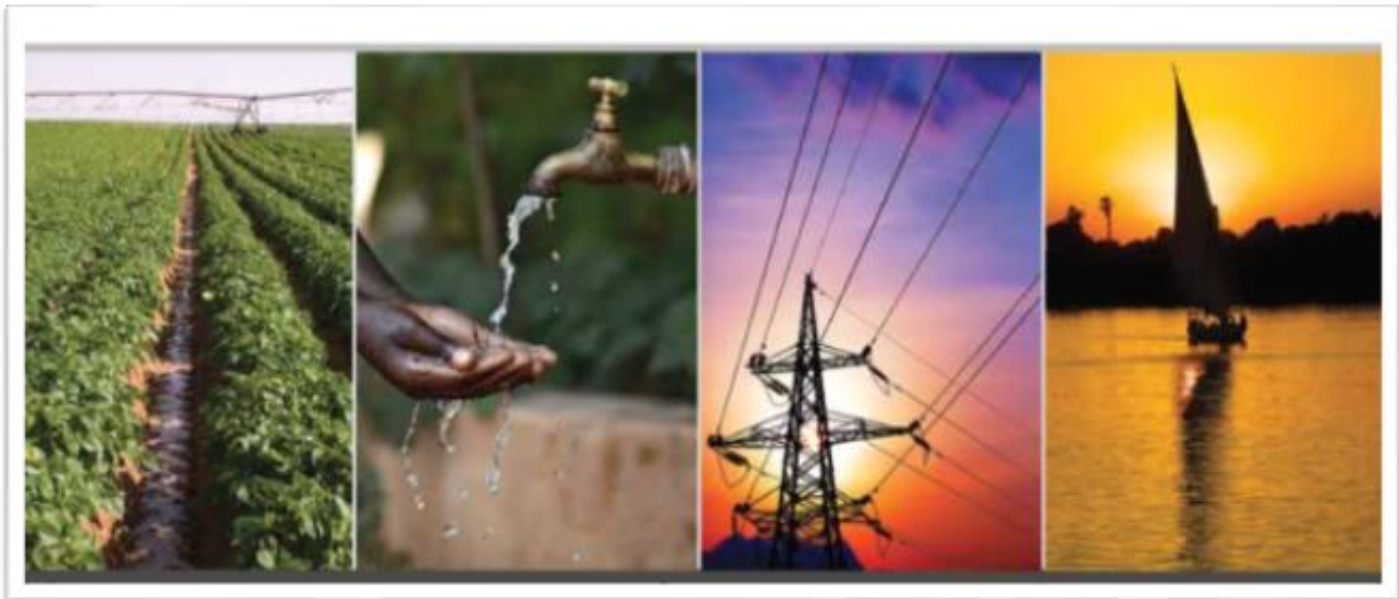
- Improved access and use of global products by identify who can use what - customize appropriate products.
  - Facilitating access to data and knowledge products using modern dissemination
  - Research on Hydromet
  - Filling data gaps
  - Knowledge support to Nile Countries in planning, preparing and managing of investments



# Hyromet for Basin Cooperation

A regional Hydromet system provides the data and information required to support cooperative development and management of the water resources.

→ A basin that is shared by 11 countries can be cooperatively developed and managed its resource ***only if riparian states have a common understanding on the resource base, its state and the threats it faces***



Ongoing Flood and Drought activities



# EN – Flood Forecast and Early Warning

**Conversations**  
 A regular column of Nile-Flow, ENTRO's Newsletter, the column series of engaging interviews with ENTRO staff shedding light on respective projects and activities.



**Eastern Nile Seasonal Flood Monitoring Program**



**Nile Climate Analysis Tool**

- Downloads
- EN Flood Maps
- Discussion Forum
- Survey

## Eastern Seasonal Flood Monitoring Program

### EN Seasonal Flood Forecast

The Eastern Nile is one of the places in the world with recurrent flooding. Populated areas in the region are significantly affected by flash and riverine flooding in most of the years. The most flood affected areas in Ethiopia for instance, are the Dembiya and Fogera floodplains around Lake Tana (upper Blue Nile) and the Gambella area in south west of the country. The Blue and Main Nile River reaches in Sudan are also frequently affected along with the downstream Nile Delta region in Egypt.

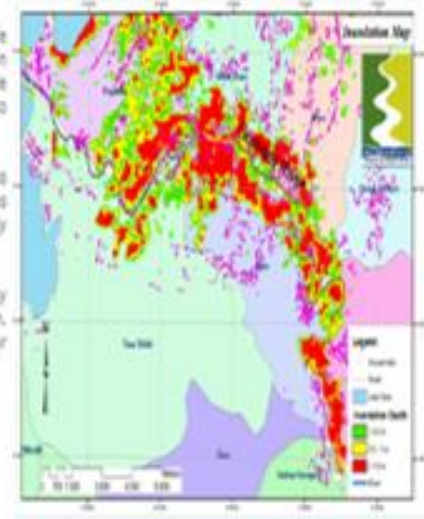
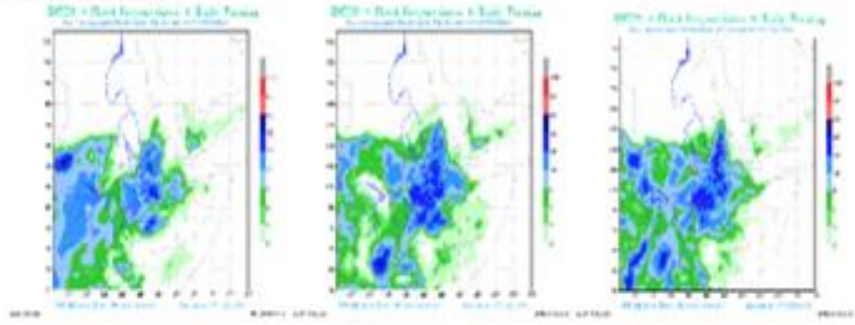
The Eastern Nile Technical Regional Office (ENTRO) works to mitigate this human suffering through various means. One of its fast track projects - the Flood Preparedness and Early Warning project (FPEW) was launched in 2007 and has been providing assistance to national, regional and local authorities through early warnings and capacity building for preparedness.

The main objective of this FPEW project is to enhance regional collaboration and improve national capacity in mitigation, forecasting, early warning, emergency preparedness, and response to floods in the EN basin. The early warning information include: expected flood extents and inundation levels, information used for safe and efficient reservoir operation in the whole region.

### Daily Accumulated Precipitation :

Three Days rainfall forecast generated over the EN catchments (regions) using Eta model is displayed as of 24 hours accumulated precipitation. The next 3 consecutive days spatial rainfall distribution imagery data observations and the accumulated rainfall estimates across EN river systems are presented.

[Click here to download](#)



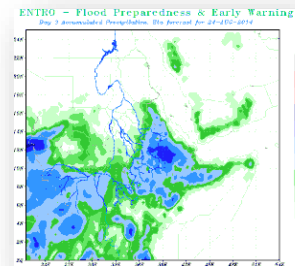
**Reducing the risk of flood devastation for 2.2 million people in the region**



# Current - EN Flood Forecast and Early Warning

## Rainfall Forecast- Eastern Nile Basin

- Produce Daily and Weekly rainfall Forecast for Eastern Nile basin



## Lake Tana Flood Plain - Ethiopia

- Produce Daily and Weekly Forecast Report for Lake Tana Floodplains (WRF weather forecast model, combined flood forecasting models)



## Main/Blue Nile - Sudan

- Produce Daily and Weekly Forecast Report for Blue and Main Nile System in Sudan (Sudan FEWS)



## BAS in Gambela/ Ethiopia and South Sudan

- Produce Daily and weekly forecast report for Baro-Akobo and Sobat floodplains



# FFEW & Seasonal Forecast

## Eastern Nile Seasonal Forecasting/Flood Forecasting and Early Warning

- To Enhance and expand the FFEW system
- To expand the FFEW system other flood prone areas in EN basin
- To support the EN countries by issuing seasonal forecast and its application in reservoir operation and irrigation water use

### Enhanced Flood Forecast System

- Upgrading the existing
- Replicate flood forecast system
- Address Flash flood
- Web base early warning system
- Stakeholder mapping

### Seasonal River Flow Forecast

- Seasonal river flow Forecast
- Drought Forecast
- Tools developed using river flow forecast for
  - Operation of dams
  - Irrigation water use

### Capacity Building

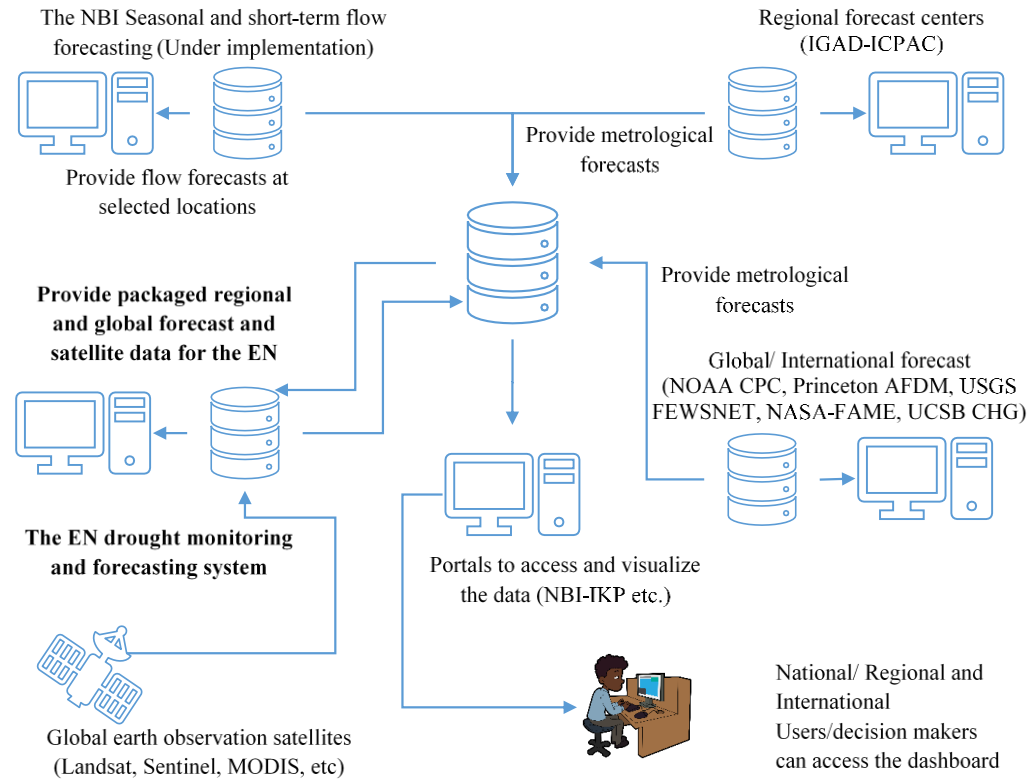
- Capacity building training Flood forum
- Workshops
- Infrastructure

Collaboration with sub-basin Authority/NMA

Working with NileSec



# Establish a Drought Perdition and Early Warning System for Eastern Nile basin (DPEW)



## Eastern Nile Drought Dashboard

HOME DASHBOARD TOOLS GUIDES ABOUT US

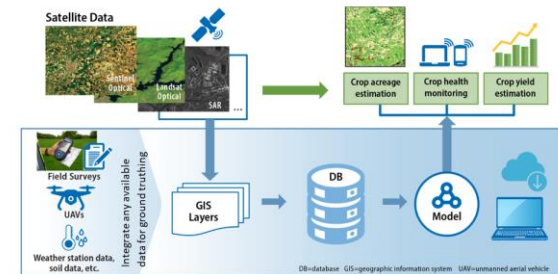
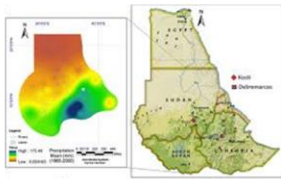
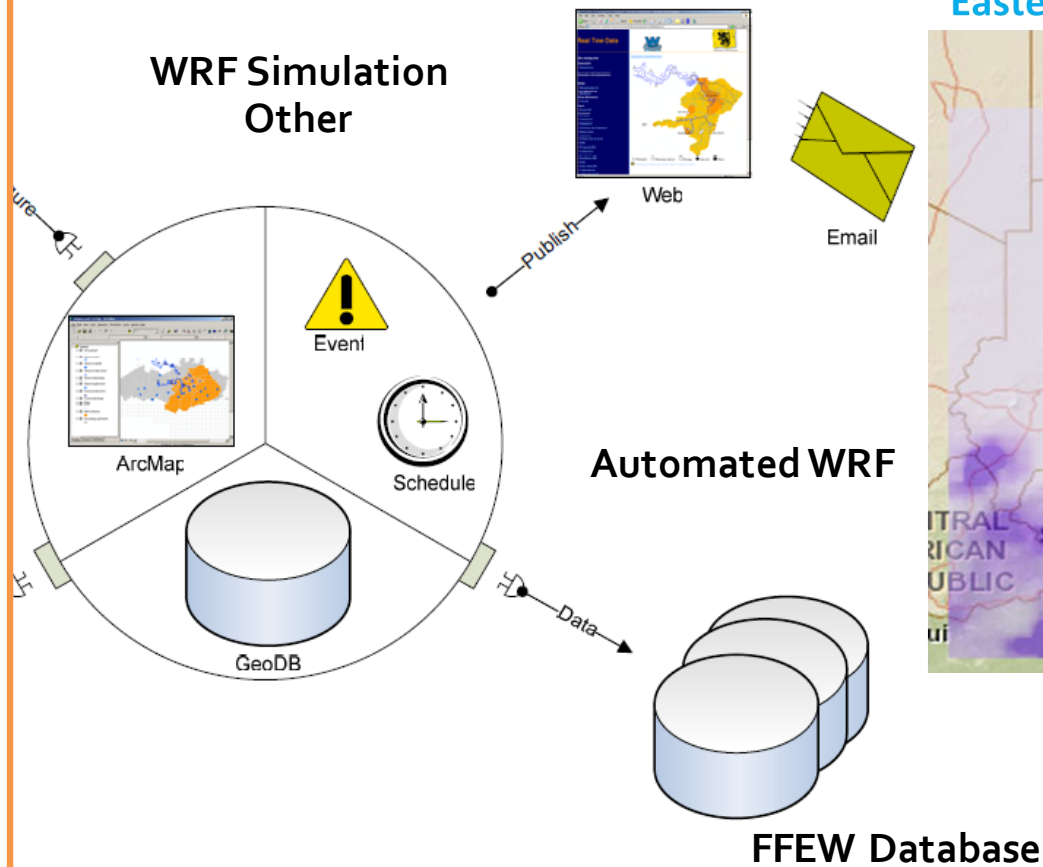


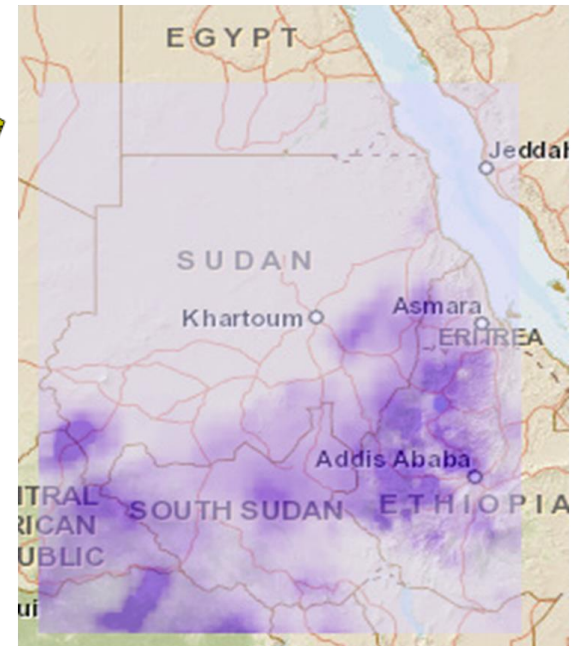
Figure 2 Framework for estimating crop acreage, health and yield using to freely available satellite data to

# Rainfall Forecast



## IKP - Web Interface

### Eastern Nile Rainfall Forecast



Forecast Area  
 Rainfall Forecast

Date  
 17 Jul, 2014

Day  
 First day forecast

**Display**

**Legend**  
 High : 43.6104  
 Low : 0

# Flood Forecasting System

WRF/other Input

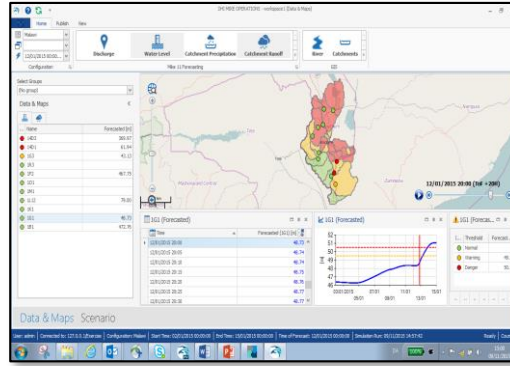


MODEL



Flood Forecasting Tools

Flood Forecasting System

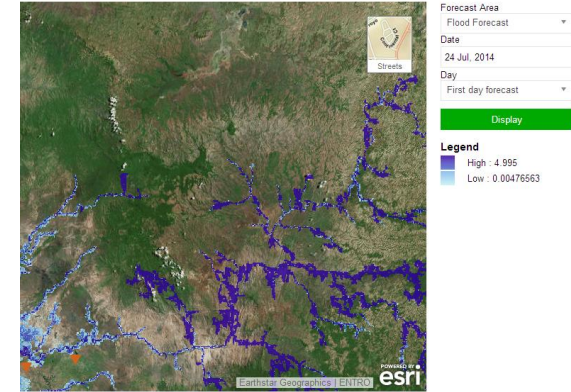


Download

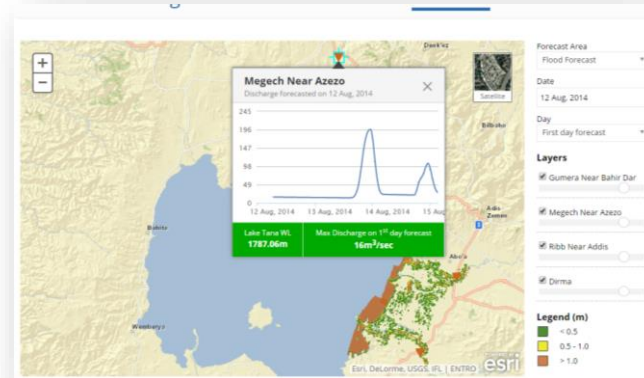


Database

IKP - Web Interface



Other Visualization



Meteorological Forecast

Flood Forecast

Early Warning



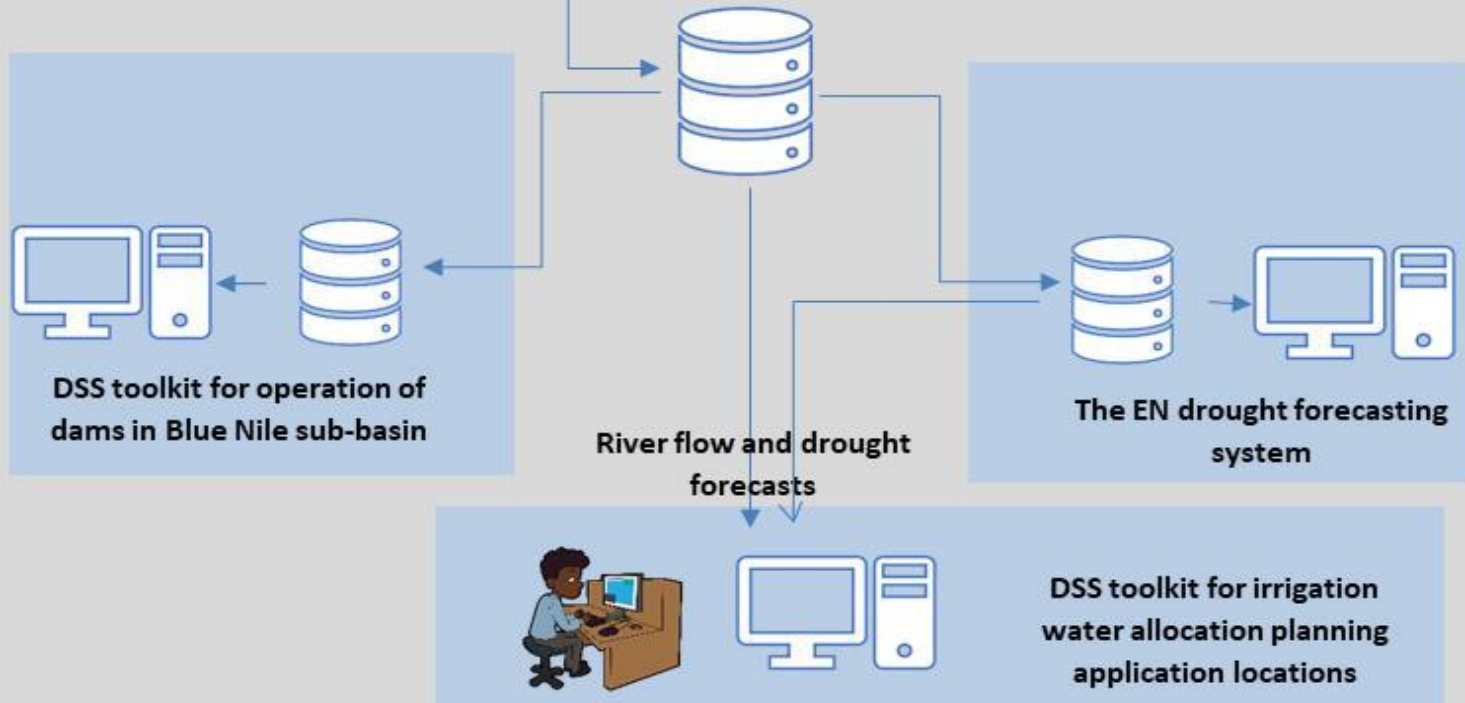
# Seasonal River Flow Forecasting

Global earth observation satellites

(Landsat, Sentinel, MODIS, etc)



## The NB-RFFS



# Drought Forecast

## Eastern Nile Drought Dashboard

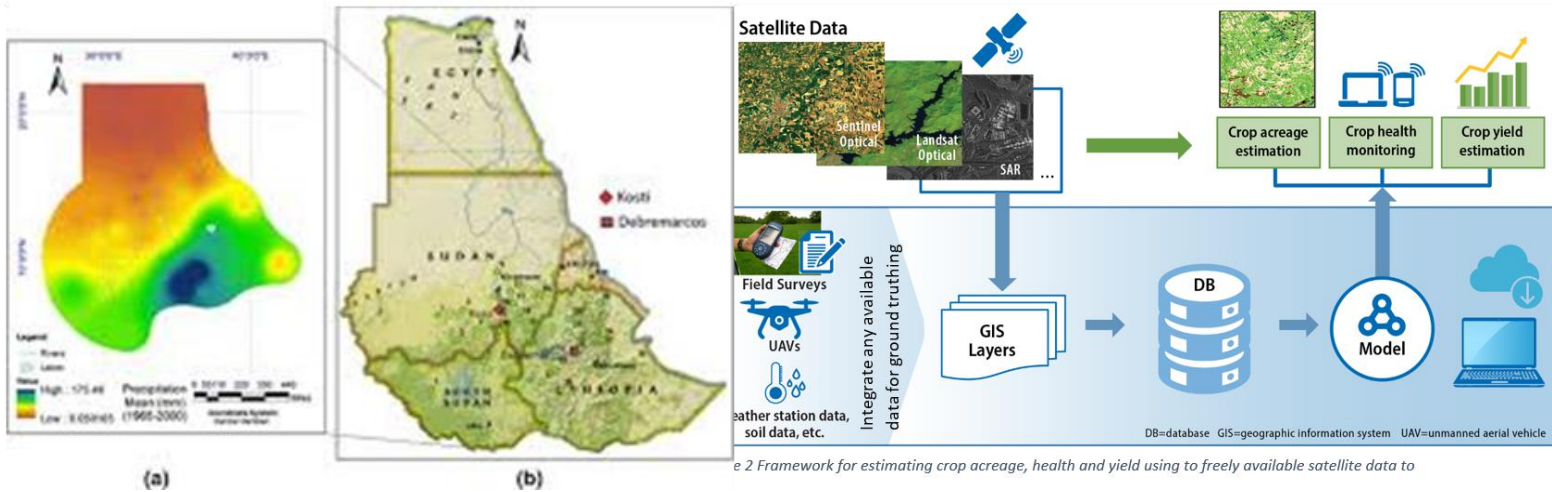
HOME

DASHBOARD

TOOLS

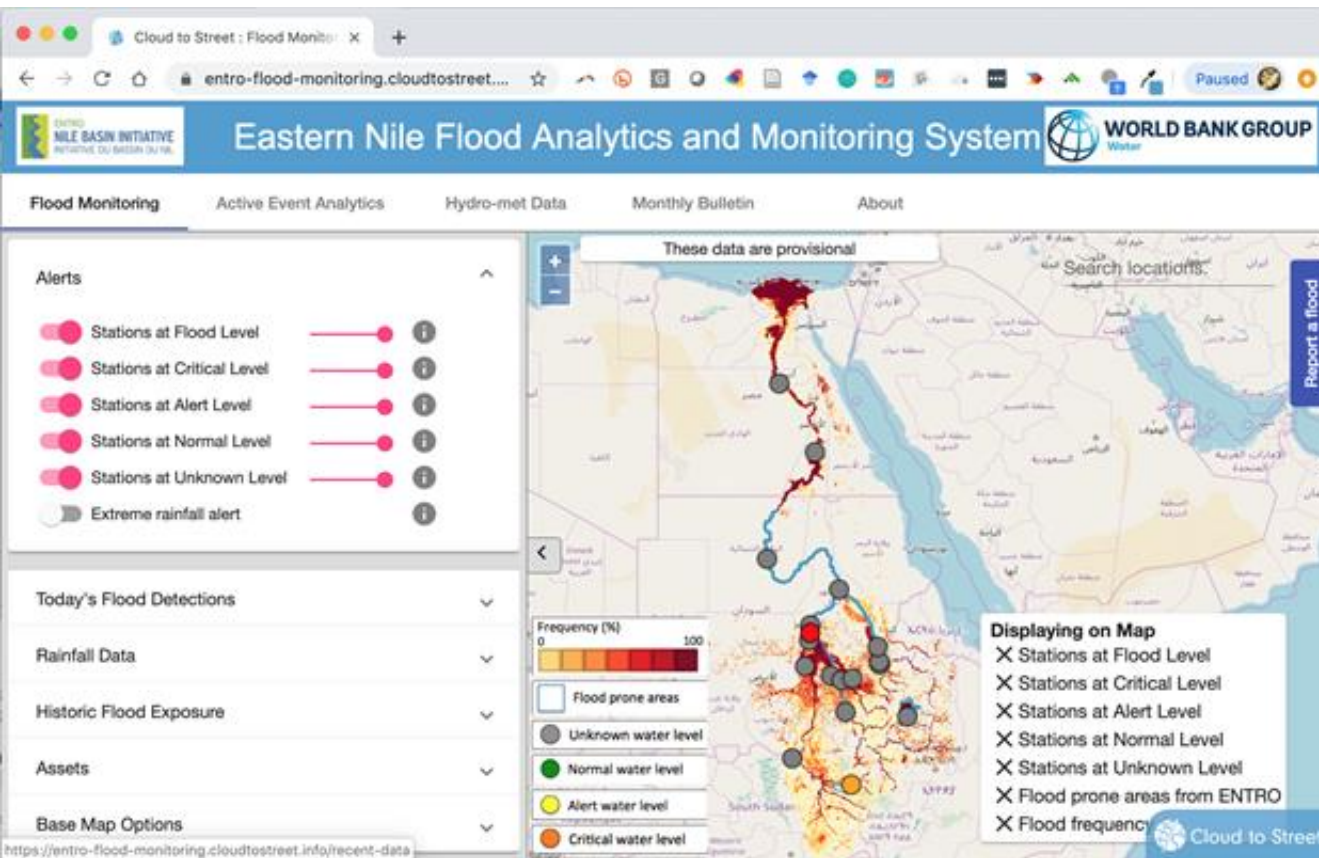
GUIDES

ABOUT US





# Cloud to Street data and services



- Watershed wide flood frequency and hotspot maps
- Library of historic flood events
- Flood forecast accuracy assessment
- Daily flood alerts and mapping

[entro-flood-monitoring.cloudtostreet.info](https://entro-flood-monitoring.cloudtostreet.info)

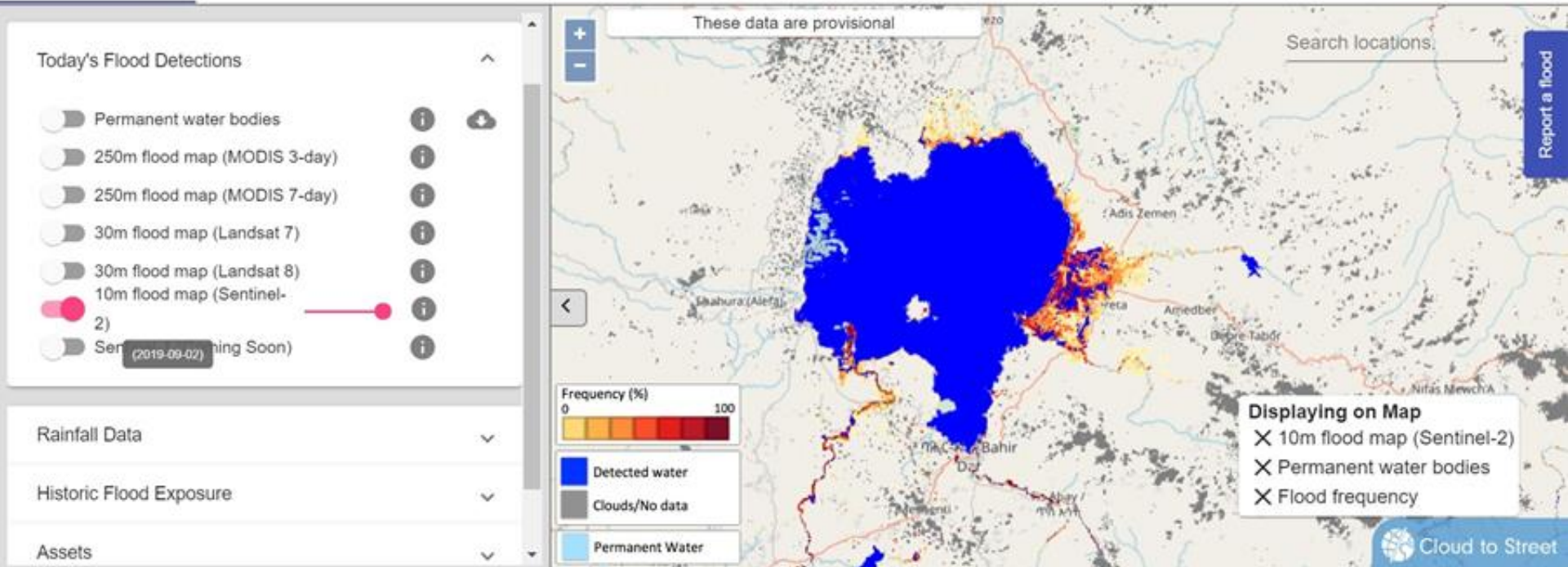
Flood Monitoring

Active Event Analytics

Hydro-met Data

Monthly Bulletin

About



- Assess the accuracy of the current ENTRO forecast model
- Help improve provide daily verification of the maps in the bulletin
- Early alerts for flooding to enable faster response and more targeted recovery
- Identify frequently flooded areas and assets like farms, communities and roads at high risk of flooding

# Integrated Knowledge Portal



**Rainfall Forecast:** Short term and Long term



**Flood and Flow Forecast:** Short term and Long term



**River Flow Forecast:** Seasonal river flow forecast



**Drought Monitoring and Forecast:** Satellite base drought monitoring



**Capacity Building:** Training ; Training material and user guide

Thank You